

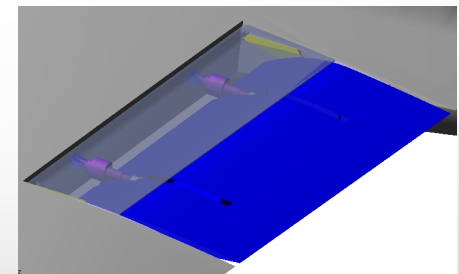
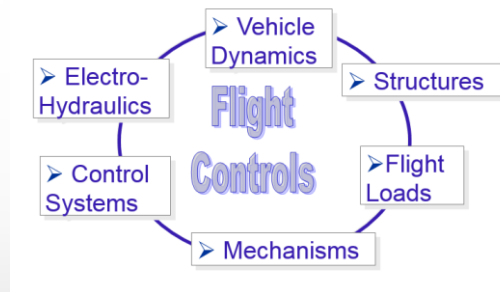
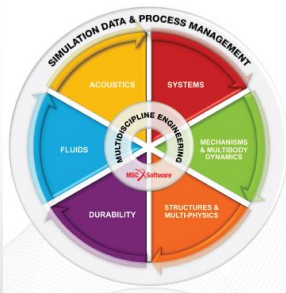
# WORKSHOP\*

## High Lift Device

Multibody, FEM, CFD, Controls

Daniele Catelani

Senior Project Managers MSC Software



\* *SHORT VERSION*

# High-Lift Device (Flap)

- **Objective:**

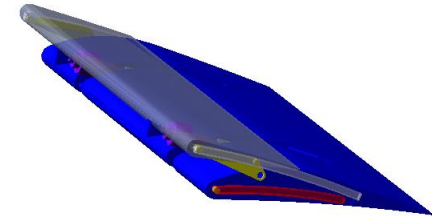
- Design and Analysis of Flap

- CAD - Multibody: CAD Interoperability
- Multibody:
  - Kinematic analysis: mechanism verifications
  - Dynamic analysis: actuator sizing
  - Compliances: loads evaluation, vibration

- FEM – Multibody:
  - Flexible bodies: dynamic analysis
- CFD – FEM – Multibody:
  - Aerodynamic forces

- Multibody and EASY5:
  - Mechatronics

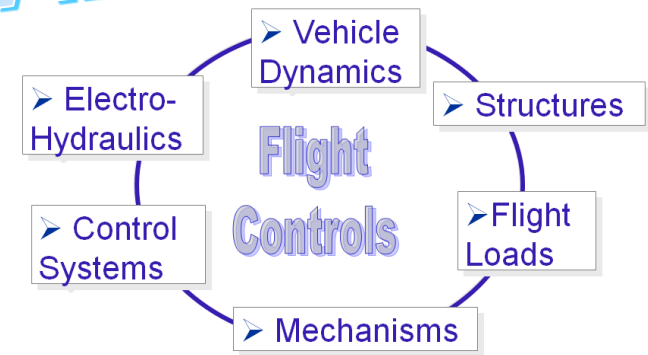
- Multibody – FEM:
  - Durability, Stress Recovery
  - Fatigue analysis



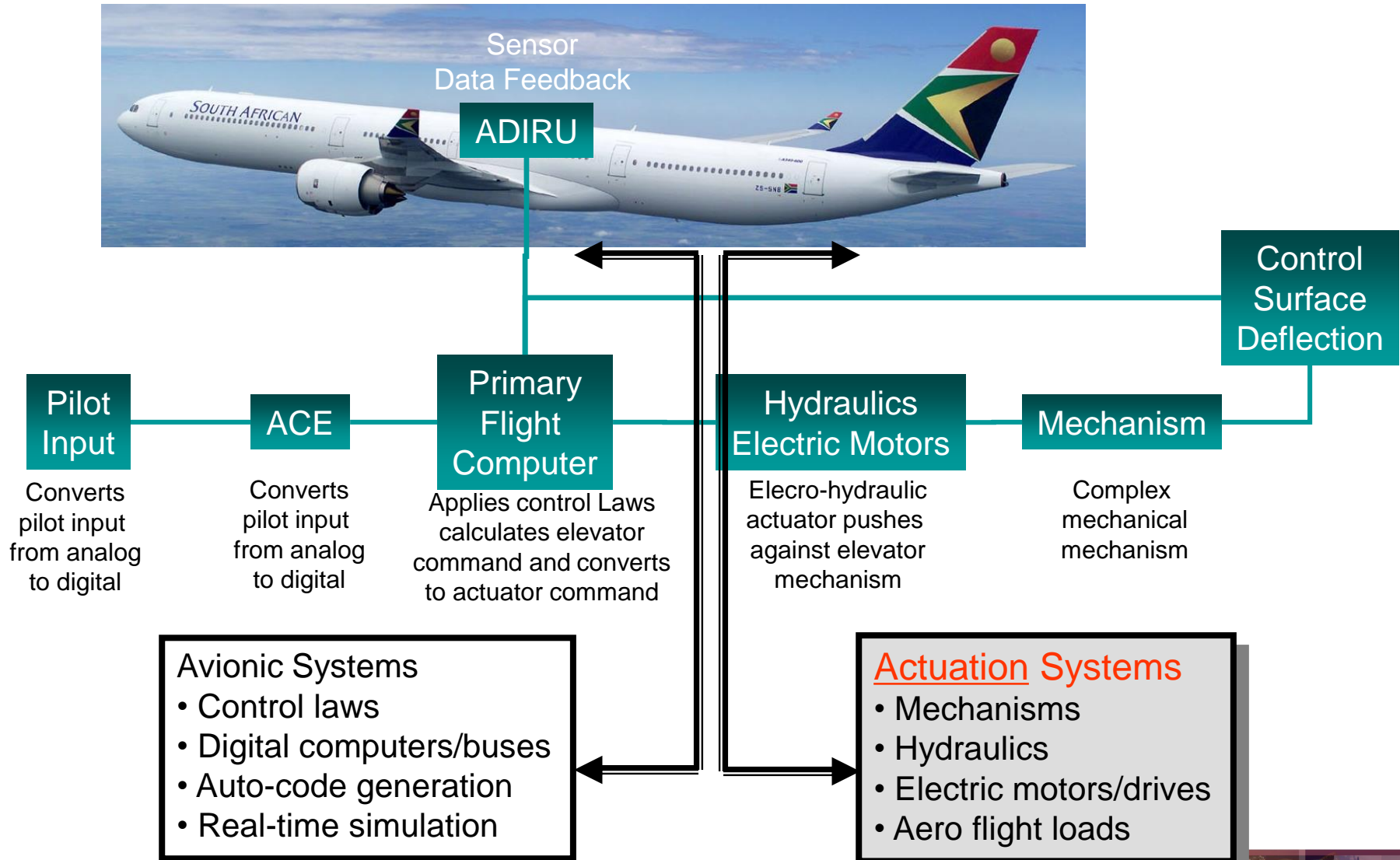
PARTIAL

NO

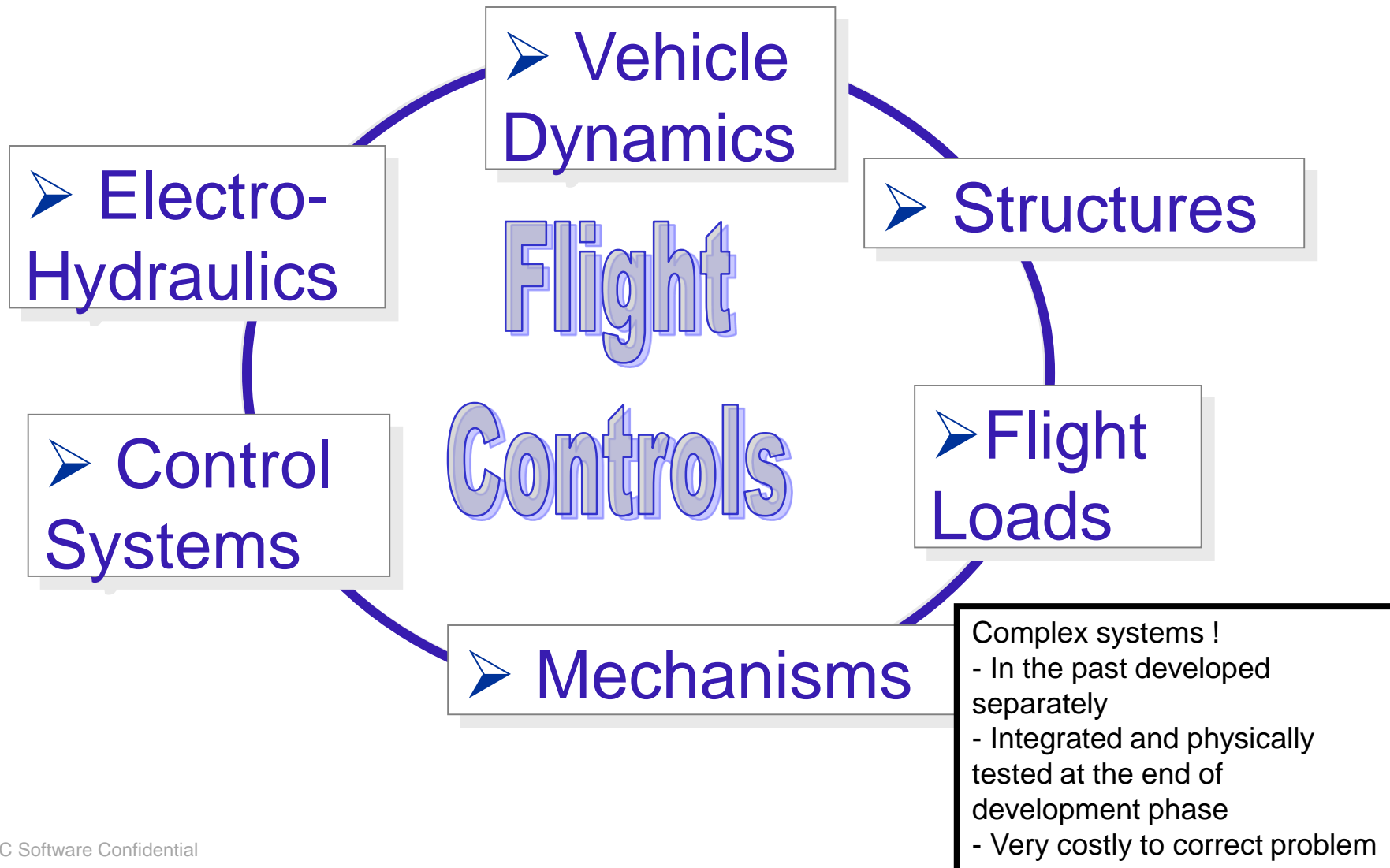
PARTIAL



# Actuation Systems: FCS



# Flight Controls: MultiDisciplinary Systems

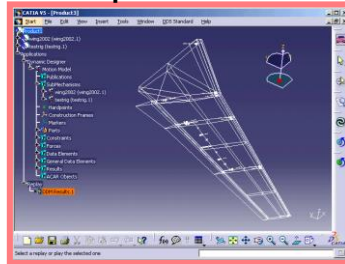


# Industry Process: "Iron Bird" Physical Testing

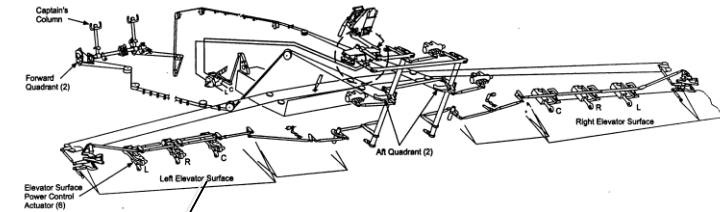
Actuation



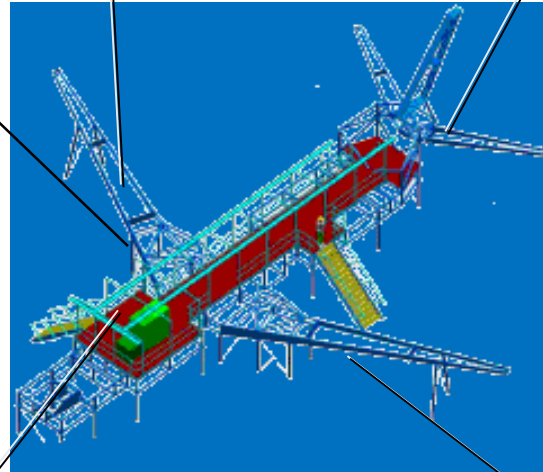
Components



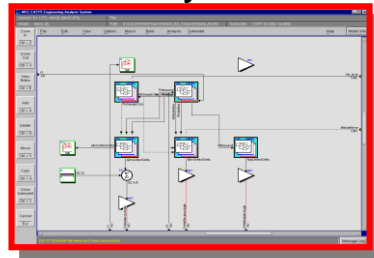
Kinematics & Dynamics



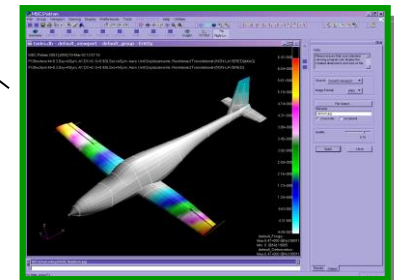
Iron Bird (skeleton aircraft):  
Systems Integration  
& Functional Test  
Real-time



Control System

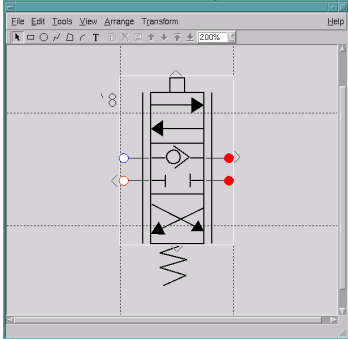


External Loads



# MSC Flight Control Tools

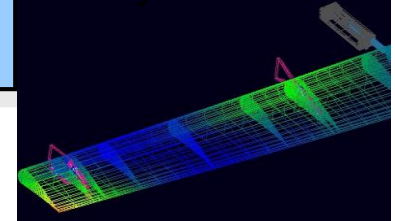
Hydraulics & Control Systems



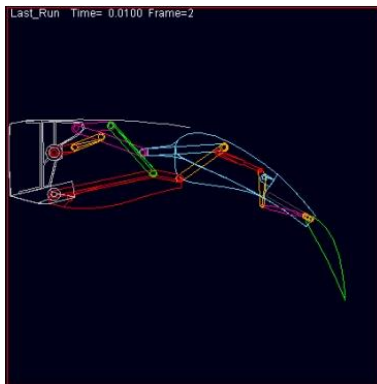
EASY5

Nastran  
Patran

Structural  
Dynamics

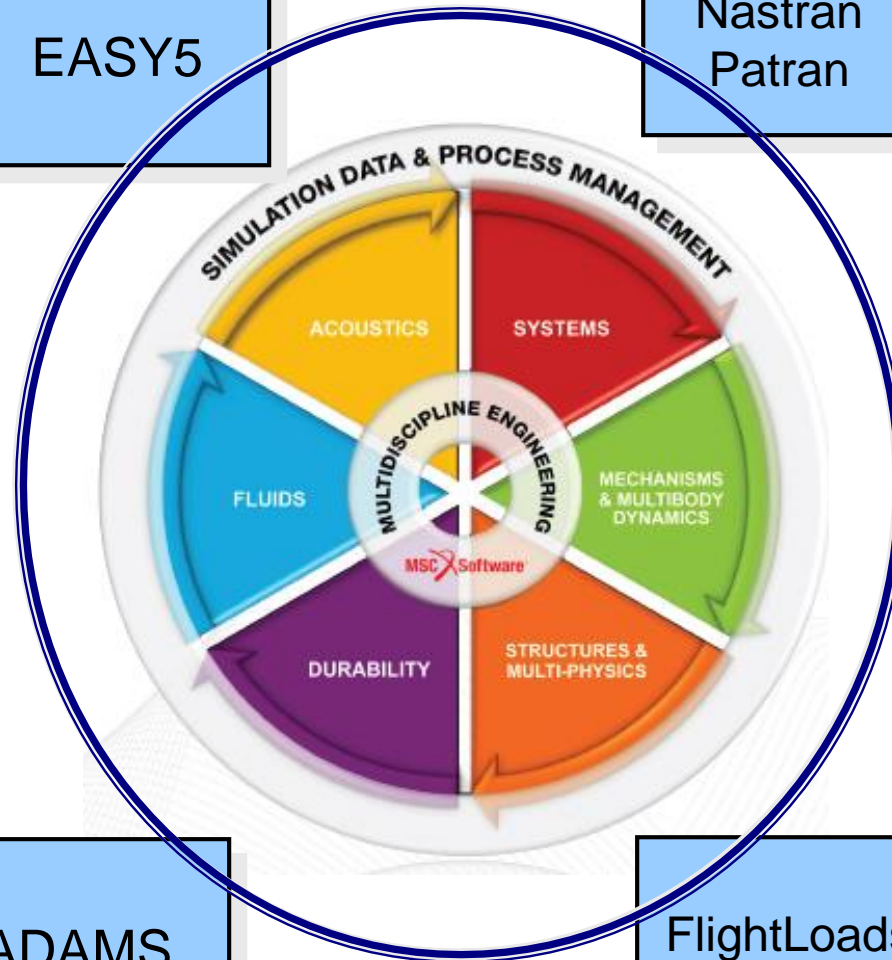


Mechanism  
design

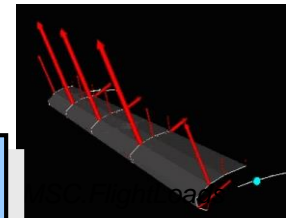


ADAMS

MSC Software Confidential



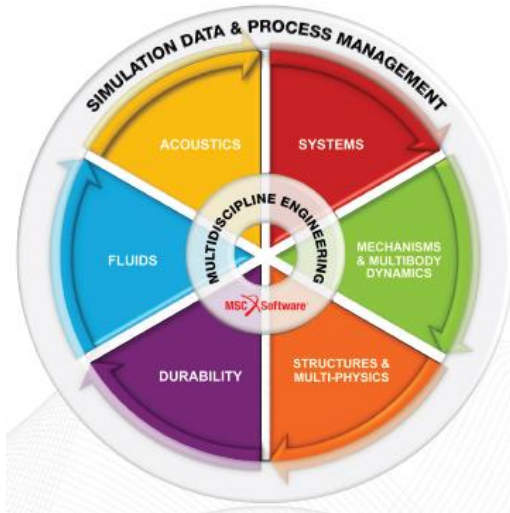
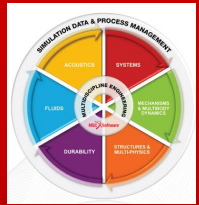
Flight Loads



FlightLoads



# MSC Flight Control Tools



- **Reduce risk & cost**
  - uncover problems earlier in flight controls design process before Iron Bird testing
- **Improve quality**
  - Better validated flight control systems before flight tests
- **Integrate multi-disciplinary tools improve product development**

# MSC Flight Control Tools



- **Complete environment for design and analysis of flight controls**
  - Effect of wing warping on mechanism due to structural deflection
  - Distributed aero loads vs. point load
  - Environmental disturbances – thermal, aerodynamics
  - Test complete aircraft and flight controls through flight maneuvers
  - Nonlinear controls that effect flying qualities and overall safety
  - Evaluate hydraulic actuation and effect of back force
  - Effect of preload condition, excessive friction or system stiffness in mechanism design
  - Perform tradeoff studies of surface flexibility, track shape, drive system authority, and configurations
  - Perform systems integration before Iron Bird assembly
- **Reduce risk**
- **Reduce (not eliminate) physical prototyping**
- **Reducing risk and testing = reduces cost**



# MSC.ADAMS

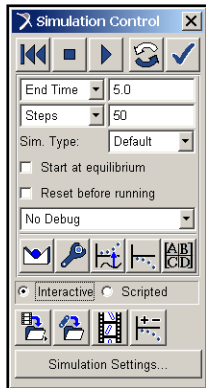
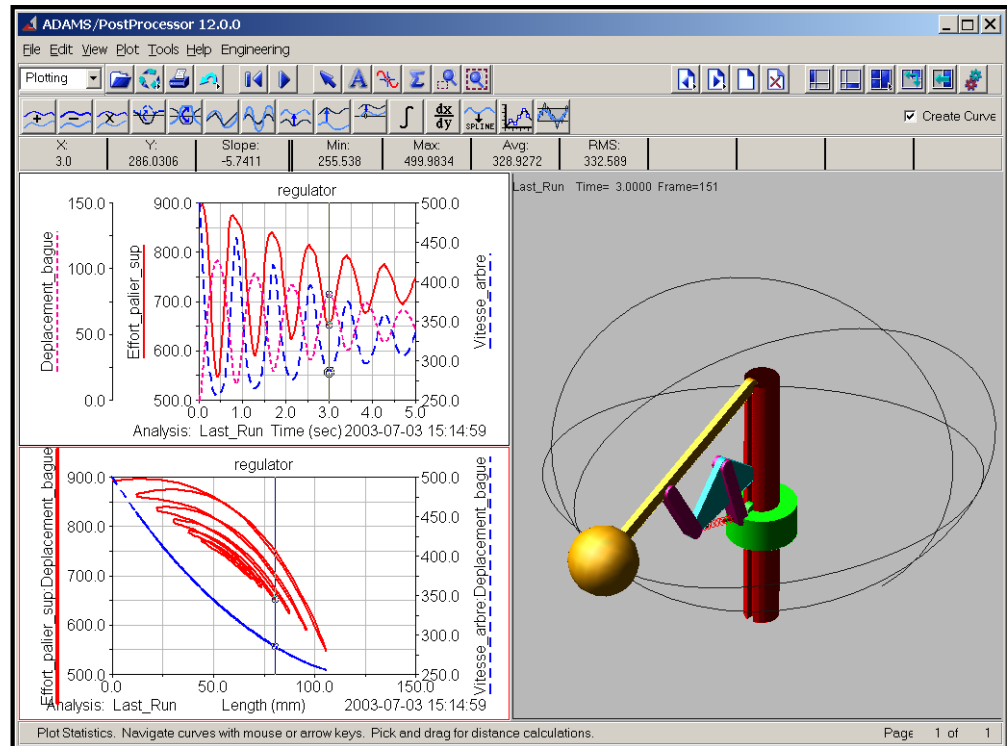
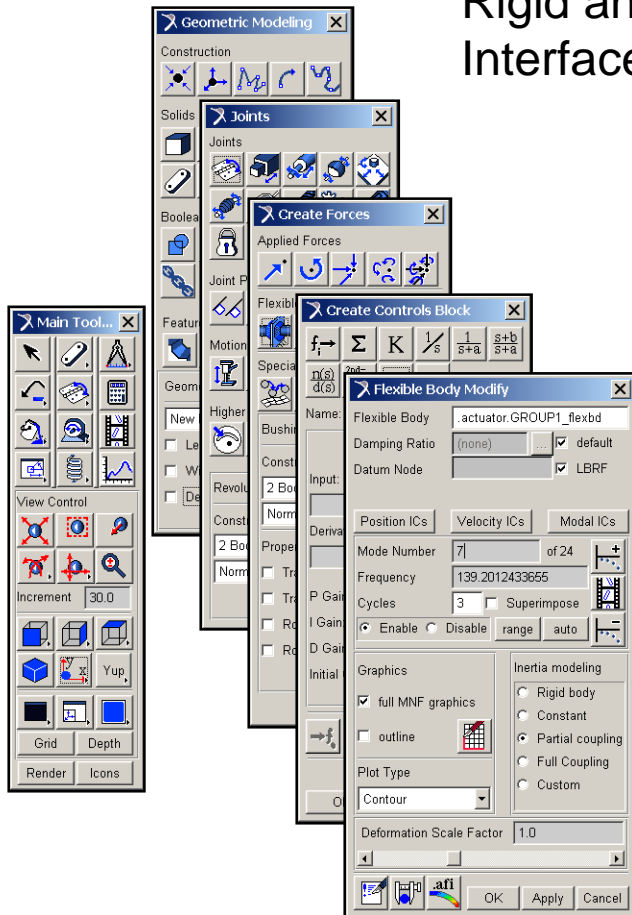


Mechanical motion simulation tool

- Multi-body dynamics and kinematics

Rigid and flexible body dynamics

Interfaces with CAD, FEM, ControlSystem,....



# MSC.EASY5

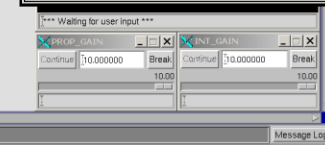
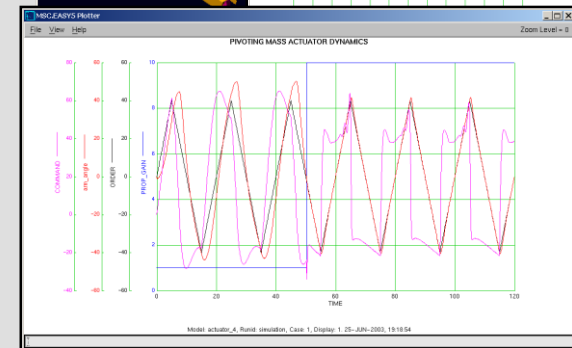
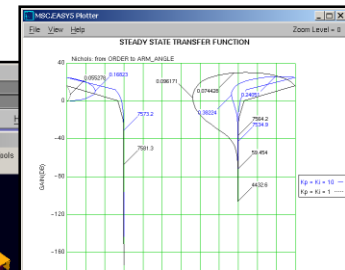
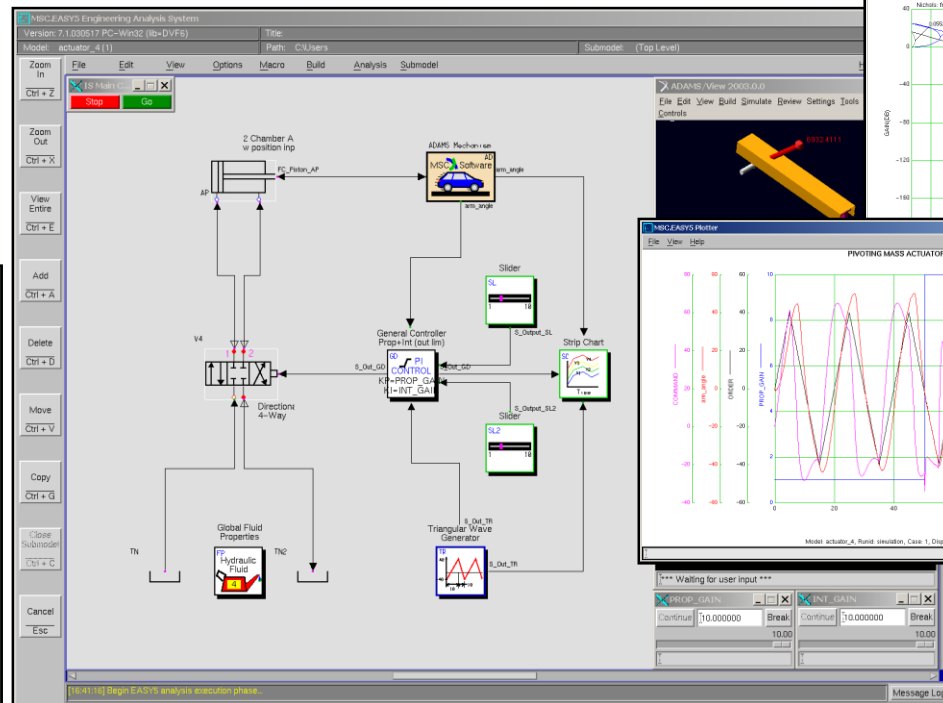
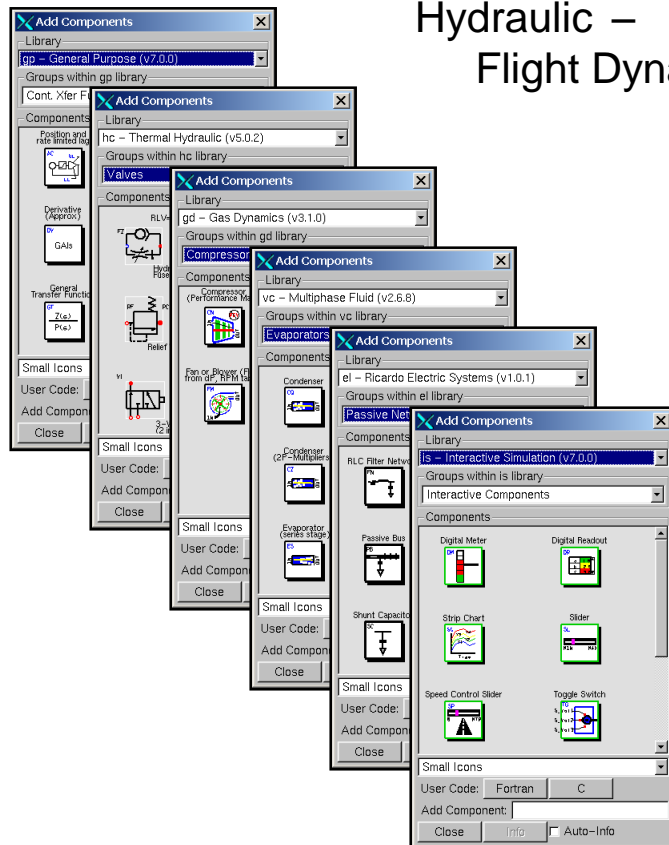


Systems-level modeling tool based on schematic block-diagram view of engineering systems

- Modeling – Design – Linear & Nonlinear Analysis

Multi-disciplinary

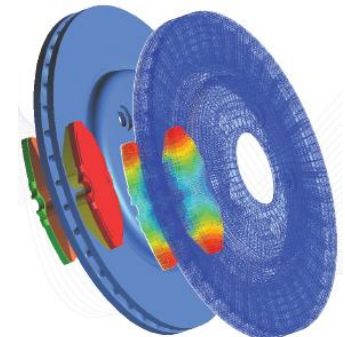
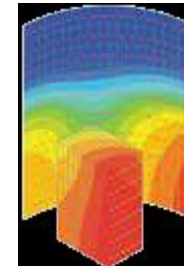
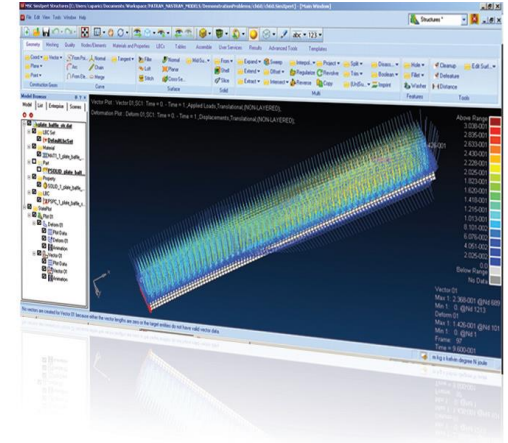
Hydraulic – Pneumatic - Controls – Electric Drives – Mechanical –  
Flight Dynamics – Thermal Controls



# MSC.Nastran (Patran as pre-post)

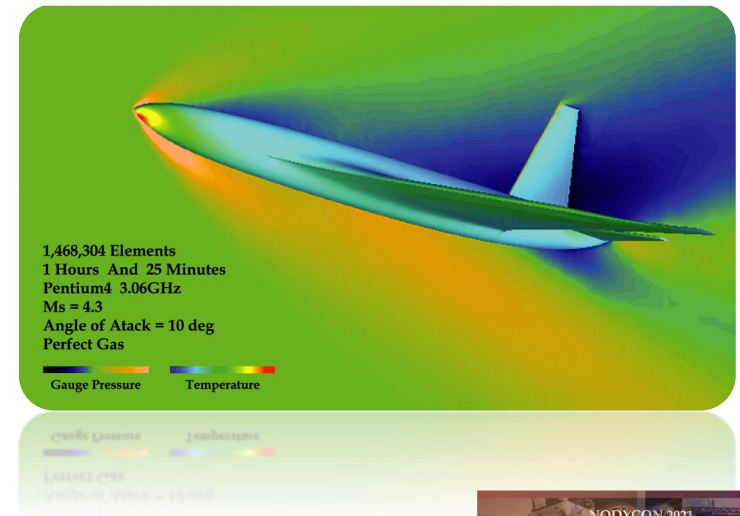
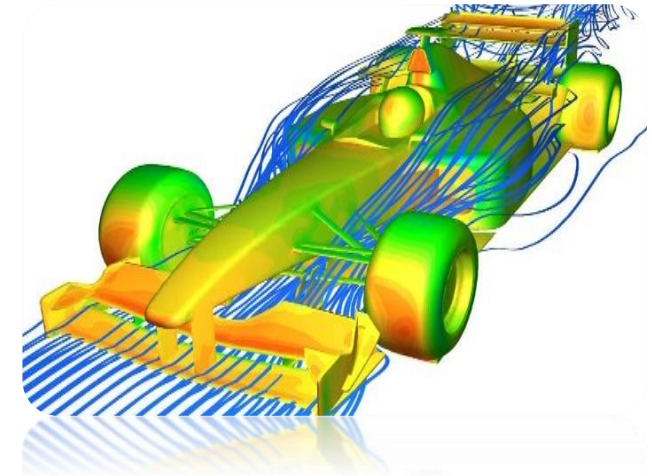


- World's most widely used Finite Element Analysis solver
- Most trusted multidiscipline solver in the world.
- To simulate from a single component to complex assemblies under diverse conditions.
- Offers complete set of linear static and dynamic analysis capabilities
- Support for superelements
- Offers set of implicit and explicit nonlinear analysis capabilities
- Enables thermal and interior/exterior acoustics
- Enables coupling between various disciplines such as thermal, structural, and fluid interaction

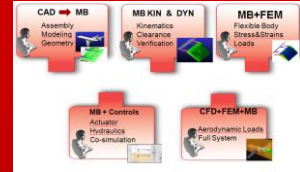




- ▶ Computational Thermo-Fluid Dynamics is a simulation tool used to analyze complex thermal and fluid phenomena
- ▶ Navier-Stokes equations for fluid-dynamics are used in CFD and further specific models for complex phenomena are employed as well
- ▶ CFD allows to predict products' performance before performing experimental tests, with a great saving in terms of time and money
- ▶ It can be implemented in a wide range of industrial sectors, since CFD is able to study any component/system involving fluid-dynamics and heat exchange

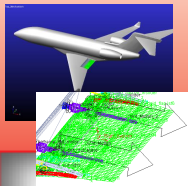


# Multidiscipline analysis



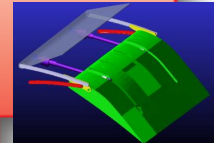
## CAD → MB

Assembly  
Modeling  
Geometry



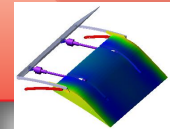
## MB KIN & DYN

Adv. Kinematics  
Clearance  
Verification



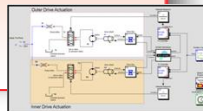
## MB+FEM

Flexible Body  
Stress&Strains  
Loads



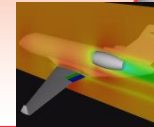
## MB + Controls

Actuator  
Hydraulics  
Co-simulation



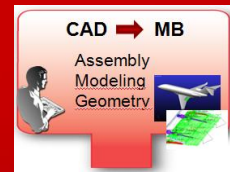
## CFD+FEM+MB

Aerodynamic Loads  
Full System



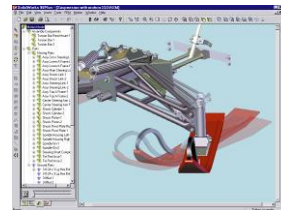


# CAD – Multibody: Geometry Import/Export

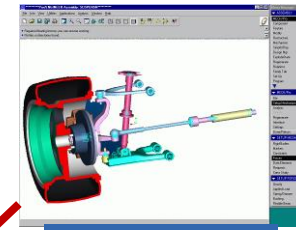


Import and Export of CAD geometry:

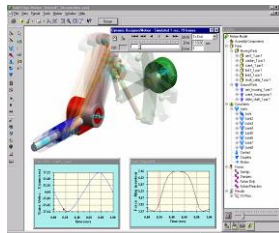
- STEP
- IGES
- Parasolid
- STL
- DWG



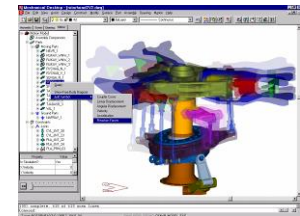
SolidWorks



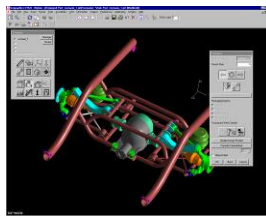
ProEngineer



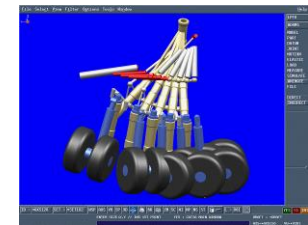
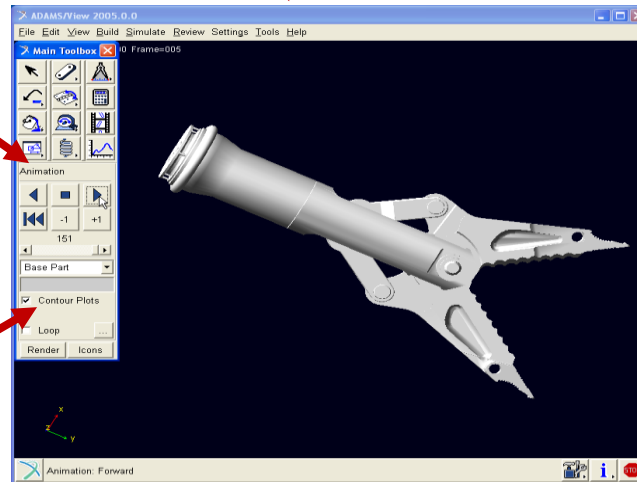
Solid Edge



AutoDesk



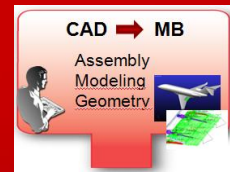
Unigraphics



CATIA V4/V5



# CAD – Multibody: CAD Interoperability

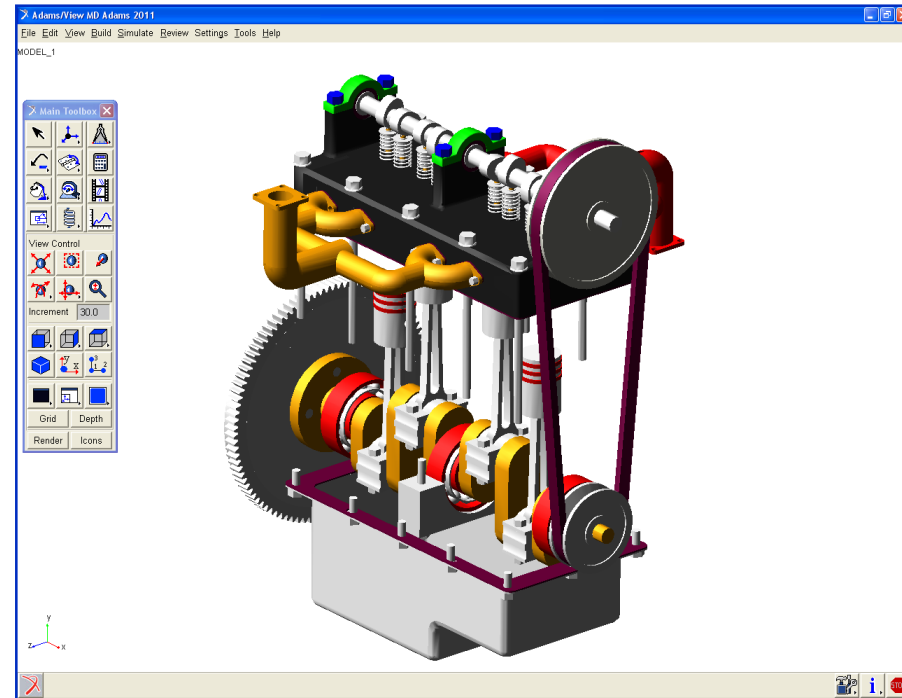
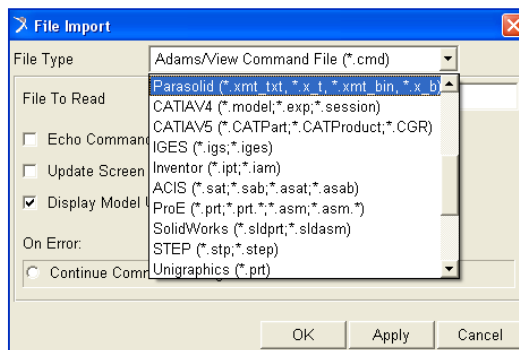


## DIRECT Import and Export from CAD geometry:

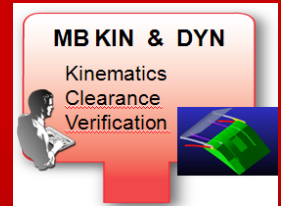
- CATIA V4 and V5
- Pro/E
- SolidWorks
- UG NX
- Inventor
- ACIS, VDA, ecc.

## Advs:

- No need to use neutral format
- Direct import of full assemblies, creating rigid bodies, assigning inertia
- More accurate geometry if needed

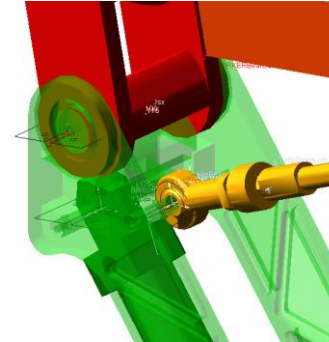


# Kinematic & Dynamic Analysis



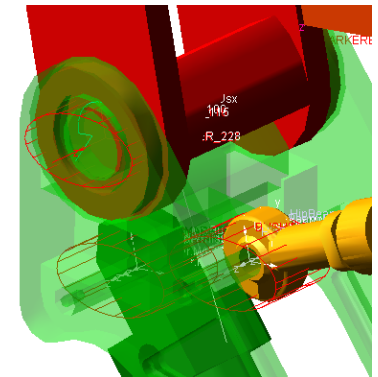
## • Direct Kinematic:

- Applied Motion evaluation
- Motor Torque and Actuator force evaluation, external forces, weight, inertia, friction
- Kineto-static performance evaluation
- Clearance determination
- Preliminary Failure investigation

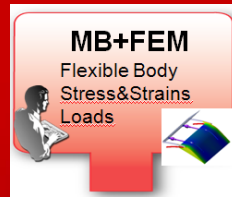


## • Dynamic:

- Actuator forces
- Structural loads evaluation
- Friction, compliances, assembly errors verification
- Structural deformation
- Clearance determination
- Failure investigation
- Verification



# Multibody & Finite Element Analysis

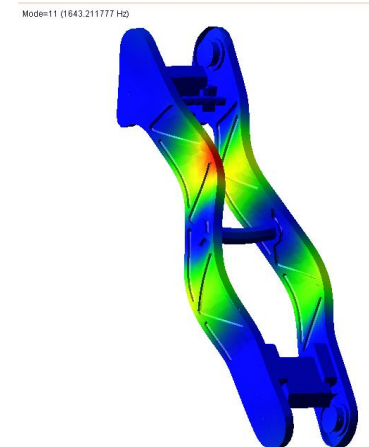
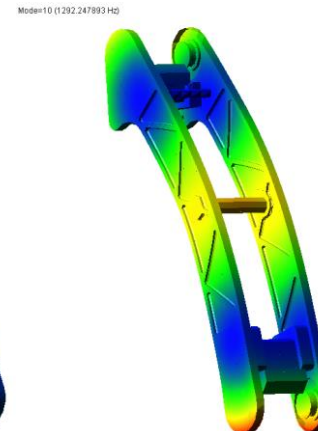
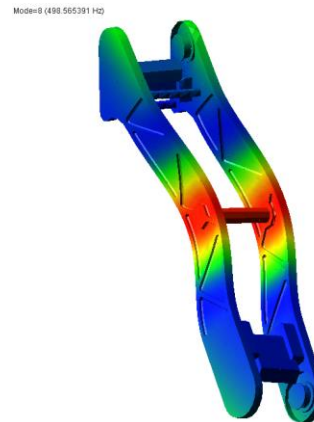
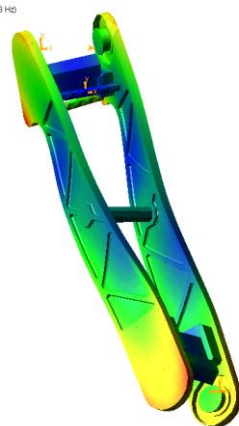


## • Dynamic Analysis with Flexible Bodies:

- Effect of fully flexible model
- Structural loads
- Errors
- Vibration
- Deformation
- Stress & Strain evaluation
- Durability and Fatigue Analysis

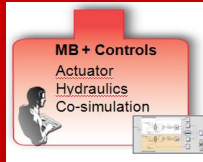


FEM model

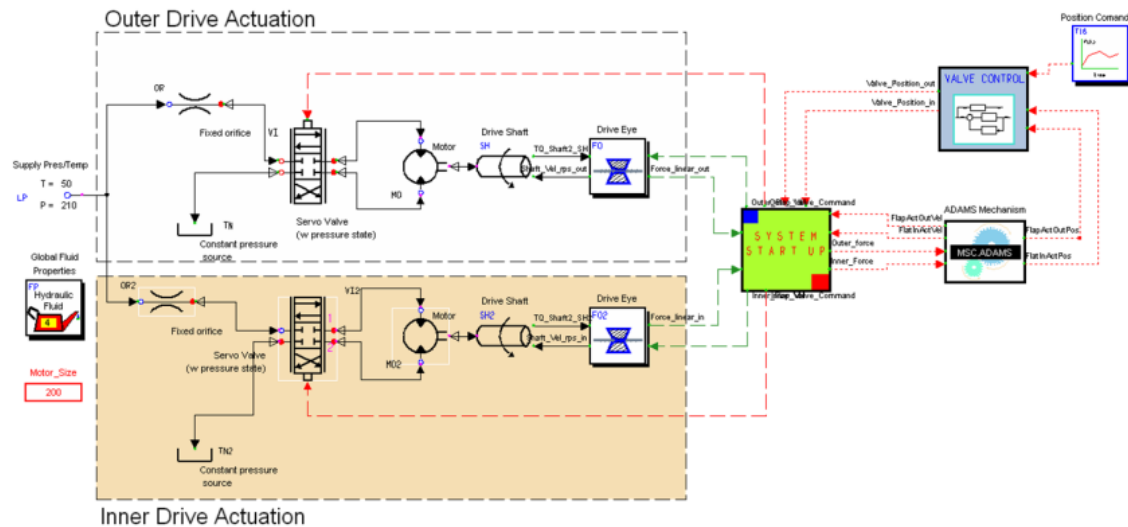


Modal  
description

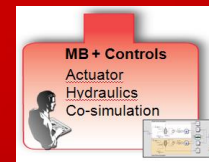
# Multibody & Control Analysis



- Mechatronic analysis
  - System control
  - Hydraulic/Multibody system interaction
  - Realistic Actuator modelization
  - Cosimulation

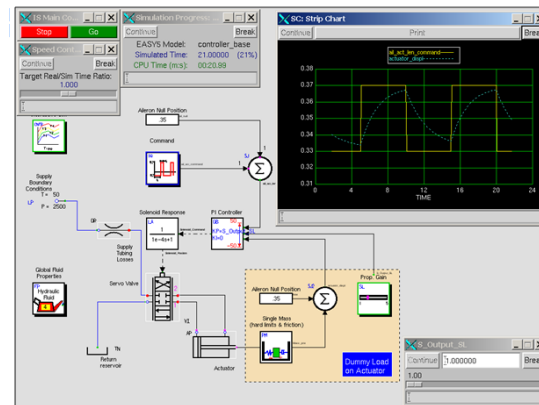


# Multibody & Control Analysis



## • EASY5: rich component libraries

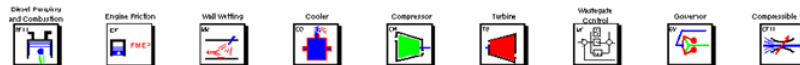
- hydraulics
- pneumatic
- electric



### Powertrain



### Engine



### Thermal Hydraulic



### Fuel Cell



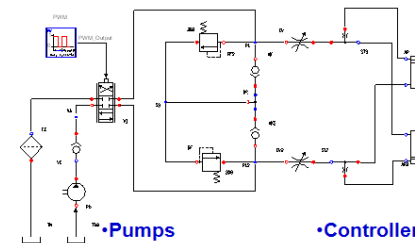
### Gas Dynamics



### Electric Systems



### Controls



- Valves
- Pipes
- Hoses
- Filters
- Heat exchangers
- Moving masses

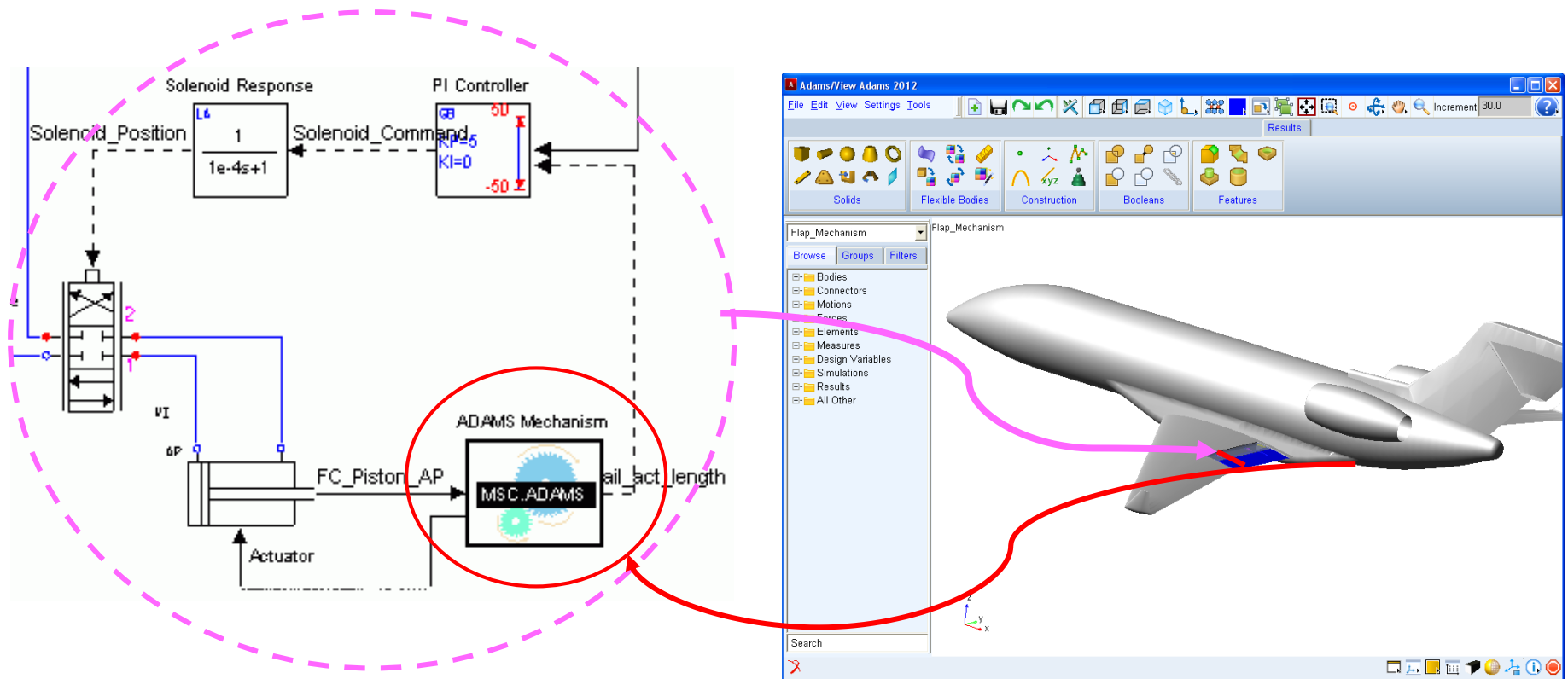
- Pumps
- Accumulators
- Actuators
- Fittings
- Orifices
- Force calculators

- Controllers
- Solenoids
- Springs
- Dampers
- Sensors
- Flow resistances

- Motors
- Reservoirs
- Inertias
- Shafts
- Volumes
- Leaks

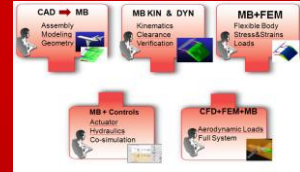
# Flight Controls ADAMS/EASY5 Integration

EASY5 hydraulic control system model embedded in ADAMS flight control mechanism model



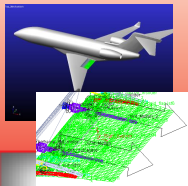


# Multidiscipline analysis



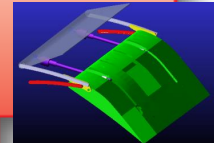
## CAD → MB

Assembly  
Modeling  
Geometry



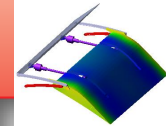
## MB KIN & DYN

Adv. Kinematics  
Clearance  
Verification



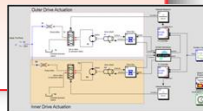
## MB+FEM

Flexible Body  
Stress&Strains  
Loads



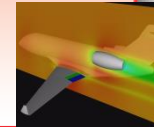
## MB + Controls

Actuator  
Hydraulics  
Co-simulation

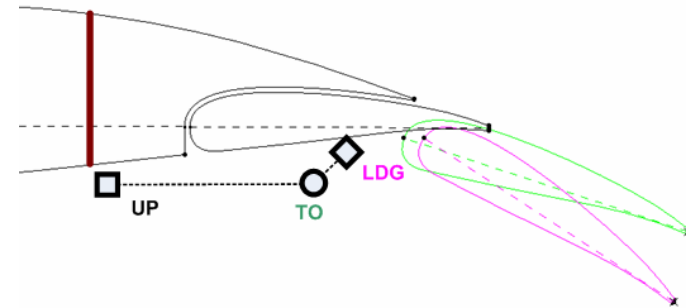
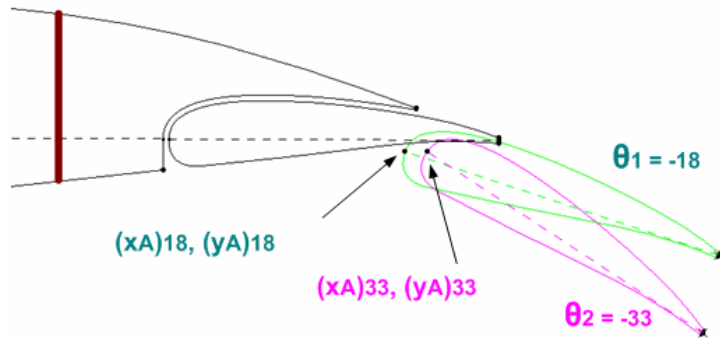
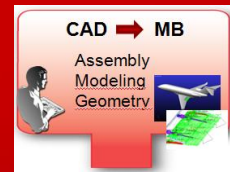


## CFD+FEM+MB

Aerodynamic Loads  
Full System



# Flap model: Requirements - 0.1



For the kinematic design of actuation, the starting points are the aerodynamic requirements:



geometrical requirements

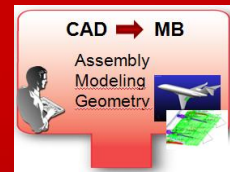
I.e: defining coordinates of point A (LE Flap) for

- TO  $\theta = -18^\circ$
- LDG  $\theta = -33^\circ$

means geometric constraints for coordinates  $x_A$ ,  $y_A$

$$\begin{aligned} & (x_A)_{-18}, (y_A)_{-18} \\ & (x_A)_{-33}, (y_A)_{-33} \end{aligned}$$

# Flap model: Objectives - 0.2



## Objectives for every configuration

- A. Meet Aerodynamic Requirements
  - Coordinates Flap point for UP, TO and LDG (based of motion law)
- B. Avoid interferences between Flap and TE of the wing
  - It requires a minimum gap
- C. Operate in the allowed range considering links and bearings
  - Internally of Spar profile
  - Considering the Fairing profile
  - Maintain Flap integrity (position of bearings and constraints out of flap profile)
- Identify all valid configurations to allow different solutions
- Show and justify all not valid configurations

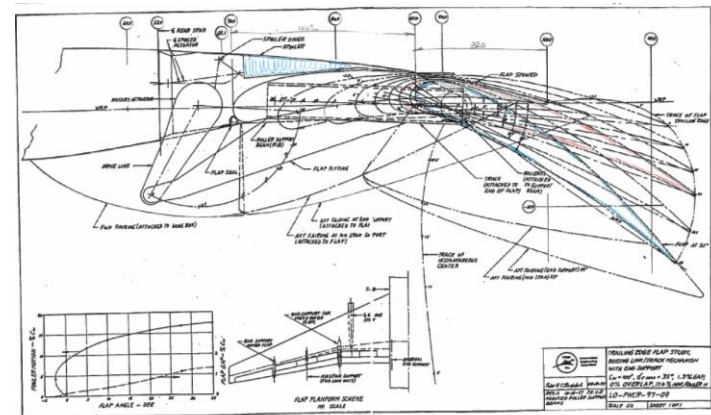


Figure 13 Boeing Type Link/Track Mechanism (End Supported)

# Flap model: Configurations - 0.3

## Option 1 with variants Rear Link + Straight Track

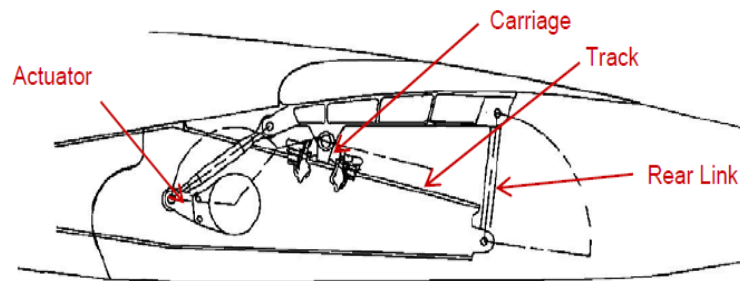
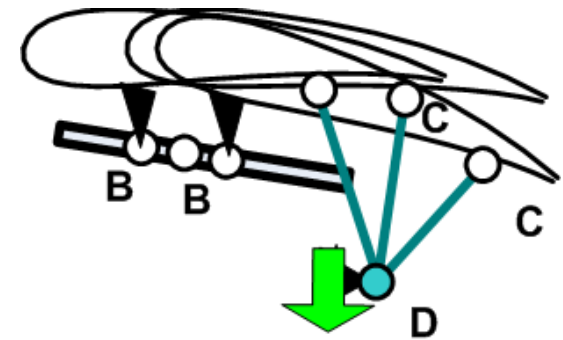
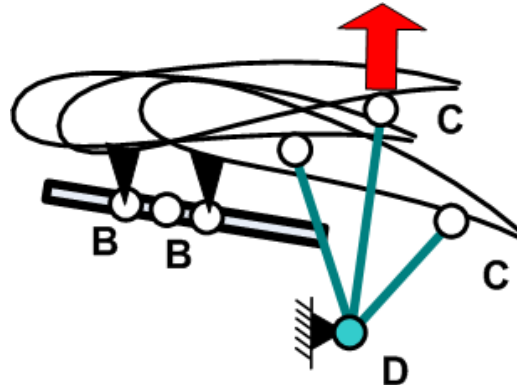
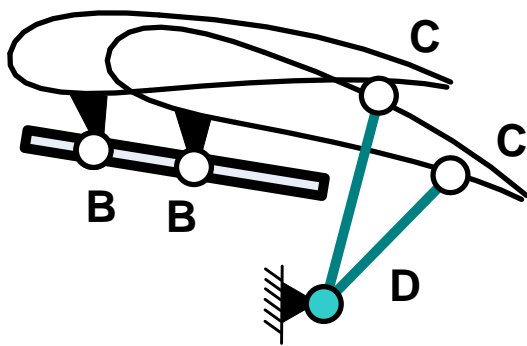
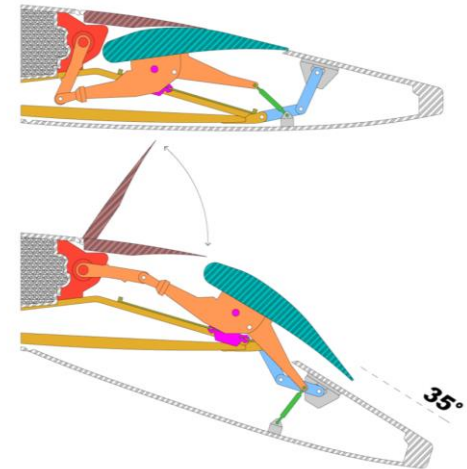
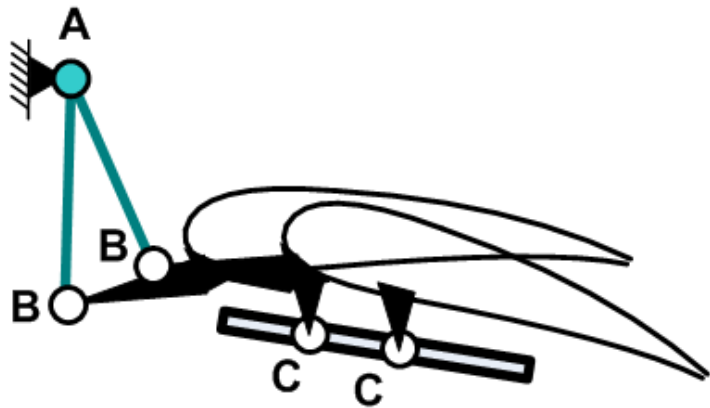


Figure 2.20 A340 flap track, according to [13]



# Flap model: Configurations - 0.4

## Option 2 Fore Link + Straight Track



## Option 3 and 3bis Fore Link + Rear Link/Fore Link

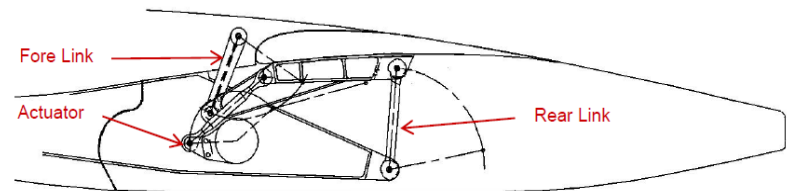
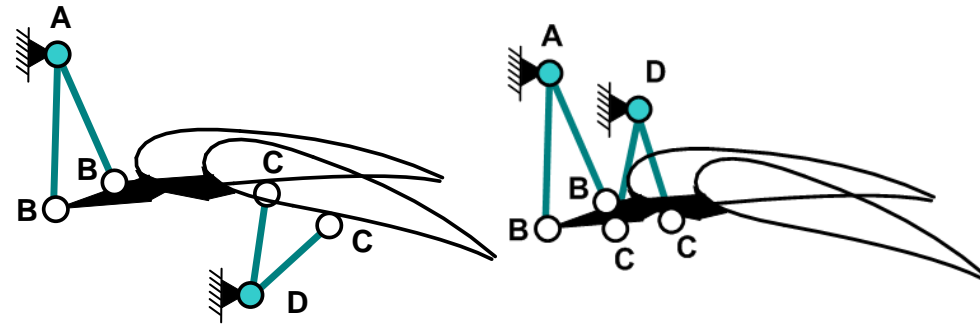
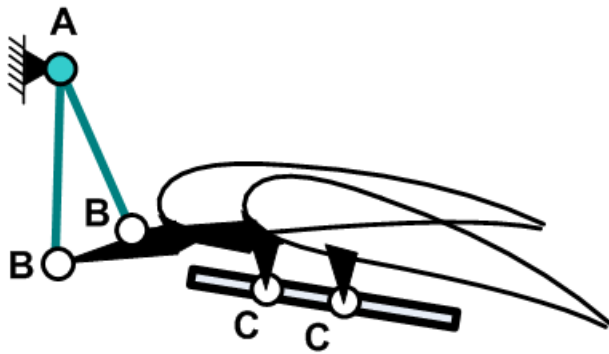


Figure 2.21 A380 flap track (not drawn to scale with Figure 2.20!), according to [13]

# Flap model: Configurations - 0.5

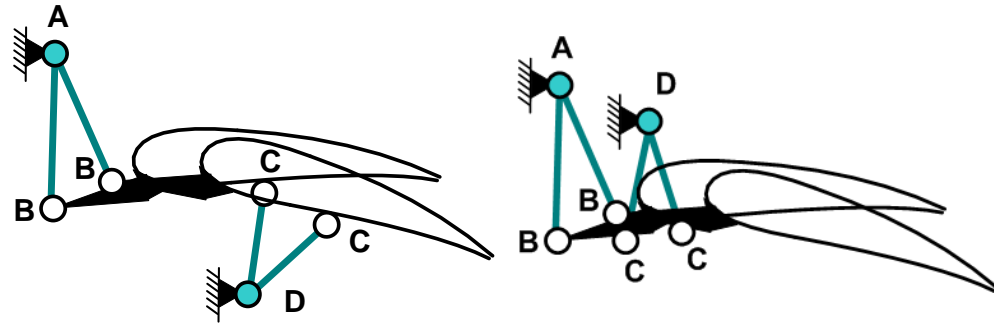
## Option 2

Fore Link + Straight Track



## Option 3 and 3bis

Fore Link + Rear Link/Fore Link



## Opzion 4

Curved track

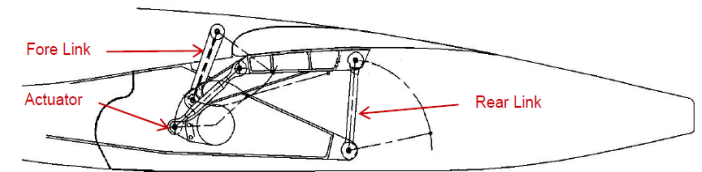
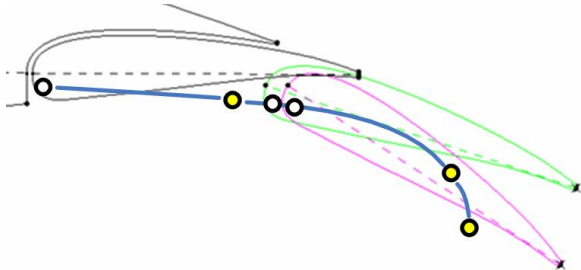
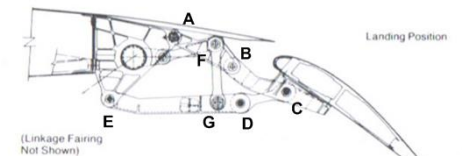
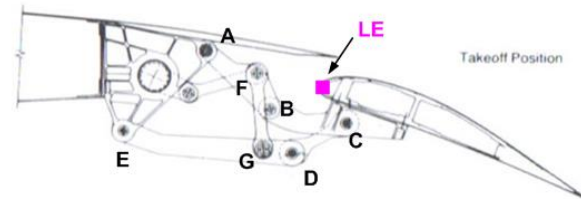
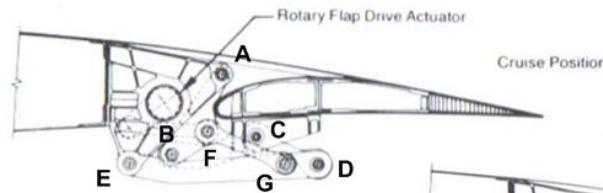
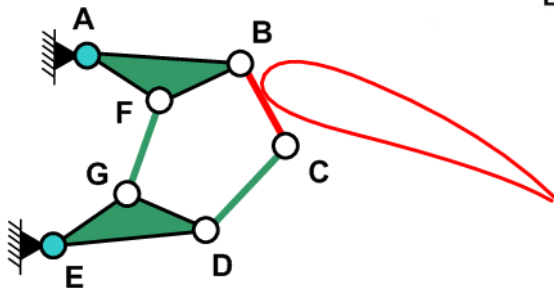
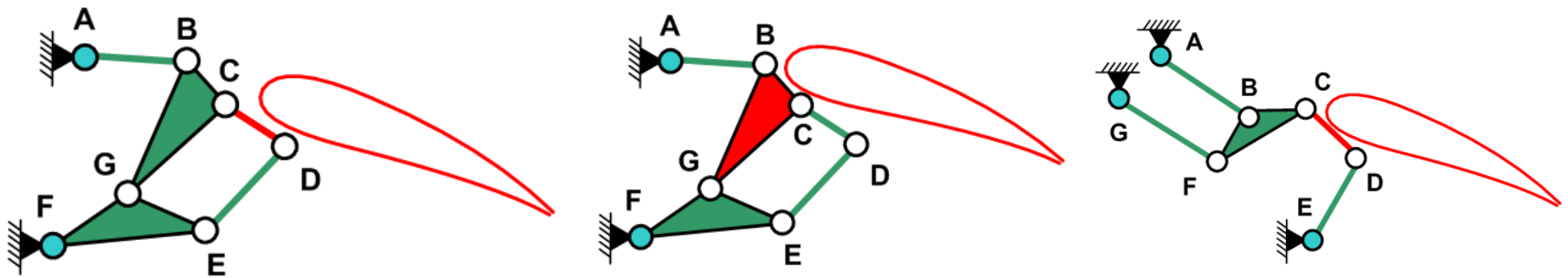


Figure 2.21 A380 flap track (not drawn to scale with Figure 2.20!), according to [13]

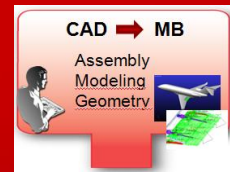


# Flap model: Configurations - 0.6

## Option 5 6-bar Linkage

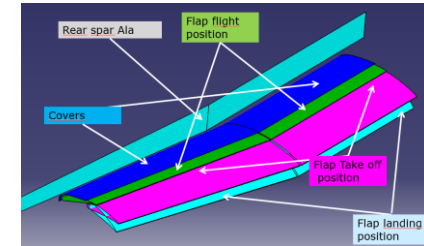


# Flap model: Kinematic mechanism - 0.7

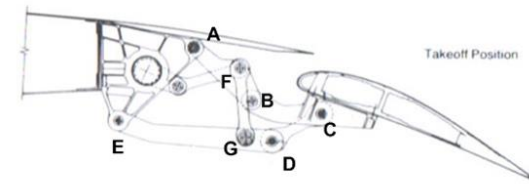
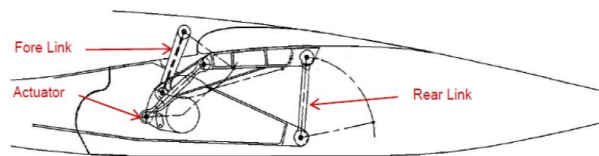


- Preliminary Design: choice of the kinematic mechanism:**

- Import from CAD of the simplified flap geometry for:
  - Get geometrical information for bearing and link position and interferences
  - Get/define flap trajectory for extraction and retraction at UP, TO, LDG

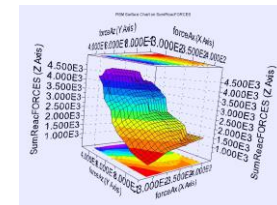
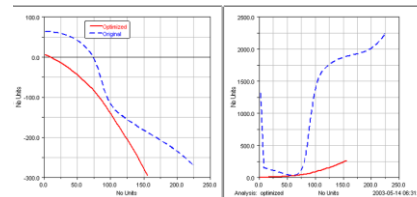


- Build simple Adams model of the flap, but fully parameterized on terms of points (HP) and coordinates for joints and links for every configuration to investigate



- Define Measures and objectives (allowable full movement, no locked-up positions, no interferences, no violation of limits and trajectory)
- DOE and Optimization Run using Adams and Adams/Insight to define the best kinematic mechanism

ID	Marked	pX1	pZ1	pX2	pZ2	forceX	forceZ	pX3	pZ3	SumReaxF	pXto	pZto
53	✓	-1.581E2	7.833E1	6.889E1	6.611E1	-3.067E2	8.500E1	-2.000E2	-3.722E2	6.386E2	-1.862E1	-1.138E1
130	✓	-1.617E2	7.167E1	6.889E1	6.611E1	-2.933E2	8.833E1	-2.222E2	-3.944E2	6.728E2	-1.954E1	-1.142E1
131	✓	-1.581E2	7.500E1	6.889E1	6.500E1	-2.800E2	8.833E1	-2.111E2	-4.278E2	3.674E2	-1.267E1	-8.970E0
241	✓	-1.581E2	7.833E1	6.889E1	6.611E1	-2.933E2	8.833E1	-2.222E2	-3.611E2	6.031E2	-1.817E1	-1.237E1
268	✓	-1.506E2	6.833E1	6.889E1	6.050E1	-2.933E2	8.167E1	-2.566E2	-3.722E2	7.364E2	-2.014E1	-1.795E1
280	✓	-1.581E2	7.833E1	6.889E1	6.500E1	-2.800E2	8.833E1	-2.111E2	-4.278E2	3.674E2	-1.267E1	-8.988E0
298	✓	-1.581E2	7.833E1	6.889E1	6.500E1	-2.933E2	8.500E1	-2.333E2	-4.056E2	5.528E2	-1.440E1	-8.446E0
320	✓	-1.581E2	6.167E1	6.333E1	6.611E1	-3.333E2	8.833E1	-2.111E2	-3.833E2	1.251E3	-2.879E1	-1.513E1
328	✓	-1.581E2	7.500E1	7.444E1	6.500E1	-2.800E2	8.833E1	-2.667E2	-4.056E2	4.740E2	-1.035E1	-1.091E1
342	✓	-1.506E2	7.500E1	7.444E1	6.500E1	-2.900E2	8.833E1	-2.222E2	-4.278E2	3.925E2	-8.090E0	-1.152E1
348	✓	-1.728E2	8.500E1	8.000E1	6.500E1	-2.800E2	8.833E1	-2.222E2	-3.944E2	3.807E2	-1.331E1	-8.456E0
380	✓	-1.617E2	8.167E1	6.889E1	6.611E1	-2.800E2	8.833E1	-2.333E2	-3.833E2	4.241E2	-1.418E1	-7.192E0
398	✓	-1.894E2	7.500E1	8.000E1	6.611E1	-3.067E2	8.500E1	-2.222E2	-3.944E2	7.740E2	-2.147E1	-9.570E0

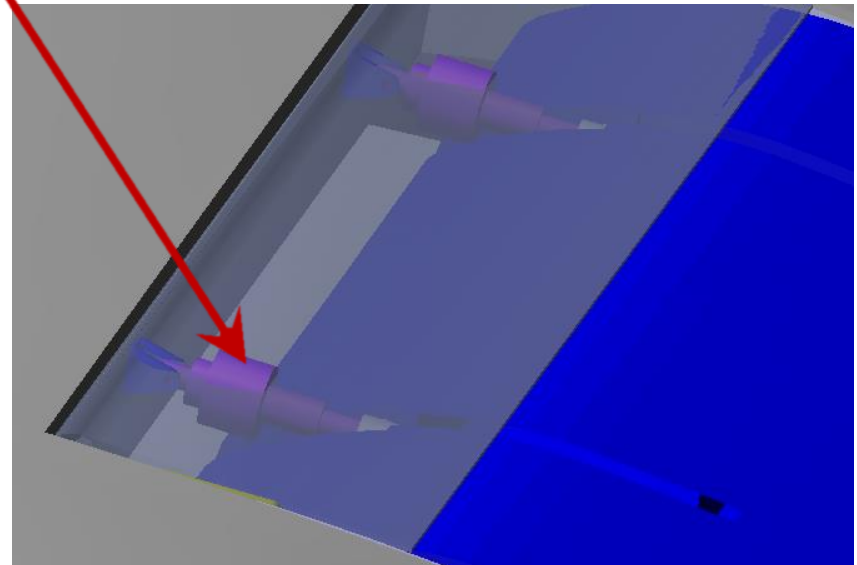
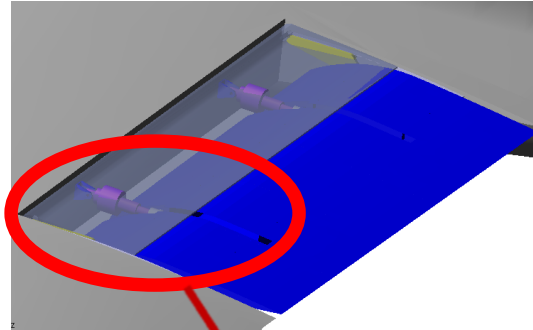




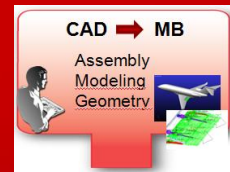
# Flap model: Import 3D CAD –1.1

## Flap System

- Inboard flap
- dual screw drives
- driven by hydraulic, electric or hybrid motors

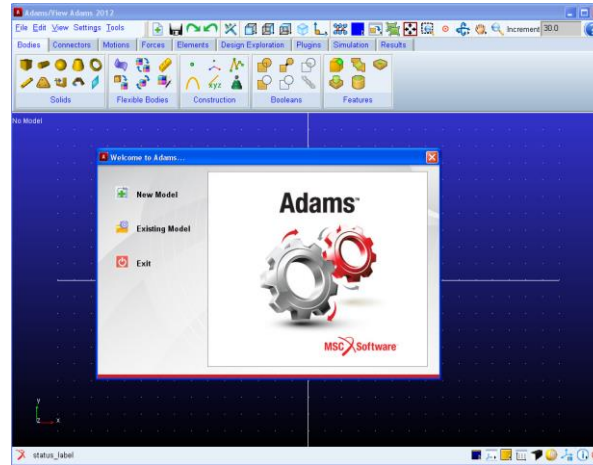


# CAD – Multibody: CAD Interop. - 1.2



## Adams/View

- Existing model
- File\_Name = Flap\_CAD.cmd



Shl files

STEP file

Parasolid files

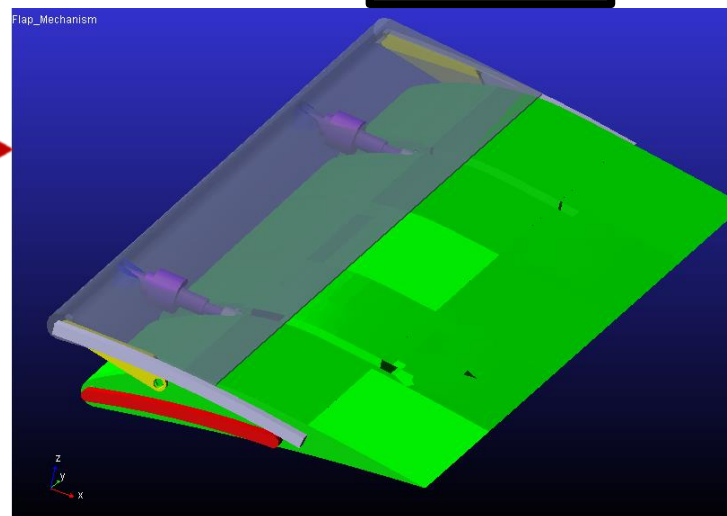
Markers for connections (joint, force) already derived from CAD coordinates)

Mass/Inertia/CM from CAD or User



AIRFRAME

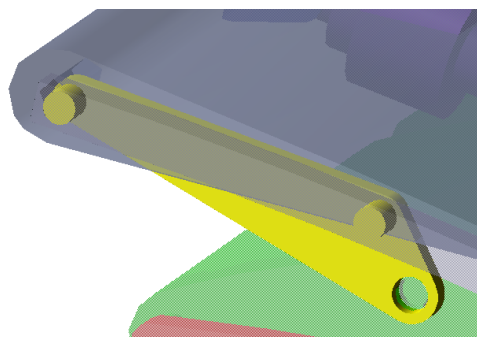
SPOILER



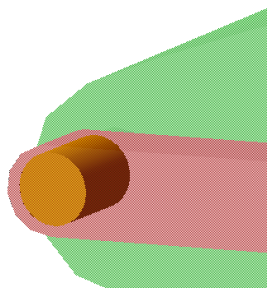
FLAP

CURVES, MATRICES already included (from CAD)

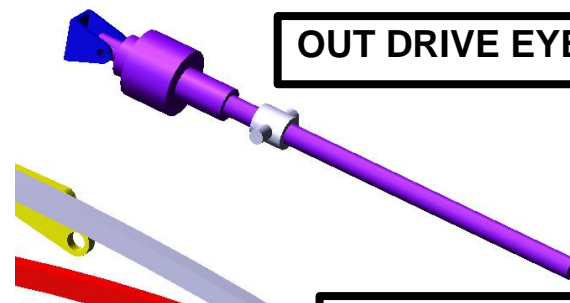
# CAD – Multibody: CAD Interop. - 1.3



OUT SLIDER

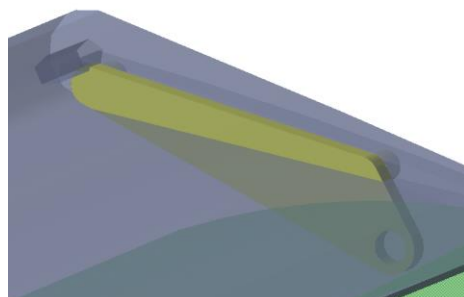


OUT BOT ROLLER

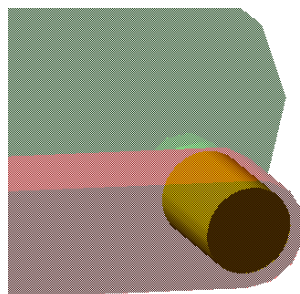


OUT DRIVE EYE

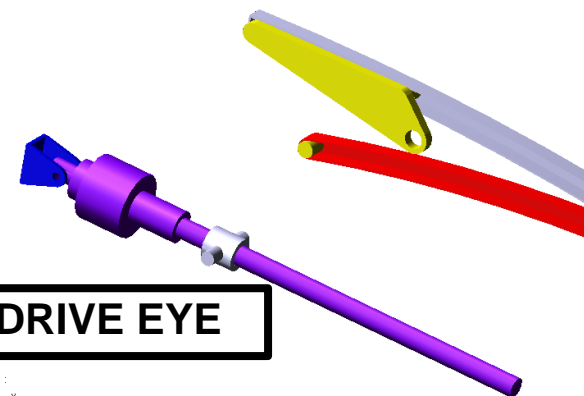
OUT DRIVE MOTOR



IN SLIDER



IN BOT ROLLER

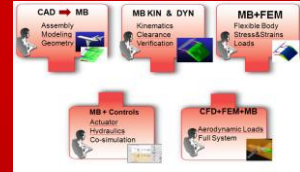


IN DRIVE EYE

IN DRIVE MOTOR

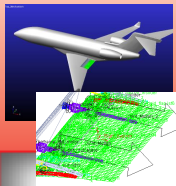


# Multidiscipline analysis



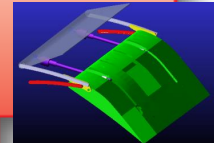
## CAD → MB

Assembly  
Modeling  
Geometry



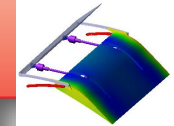
## MB KIN & DYN

Adv. Kinematics  
Clearance  
Verification



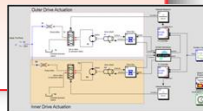
## MB+FEM

Flexible Body  
Stress&Strains  
Loads



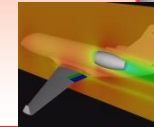
## MB + Controls

Actuator  
Hydraulics  
Co-simulation



## CFD+FEM+MB

Aerodynamic Loads  
Full System

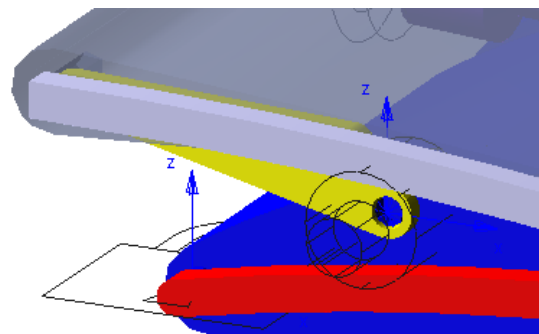


# Multibody: Modeling, Topology - 2.1

**Topology:  
constraints**



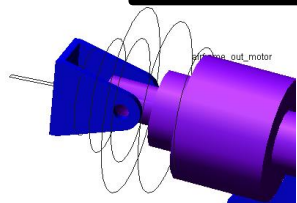
**OUT BOT ROLLER /  
FLAP**



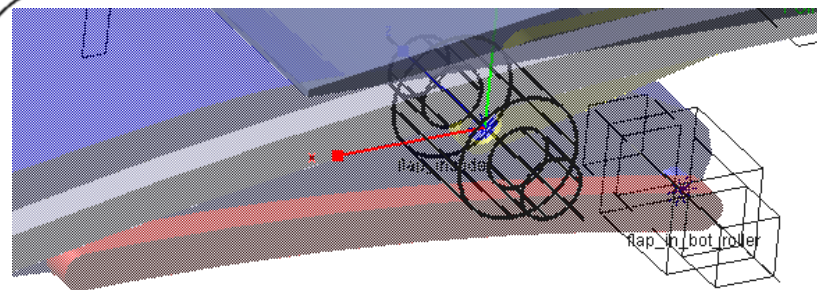
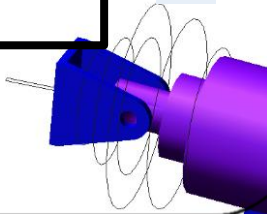
**OUT SLIDER /  
FLAP**



**OUT DRIVE MOTOR/  
AIRFRAME**



**IN DRIVE MOTOR/  
AIRFRAME**



**IN SLIDER /  
FLAP**



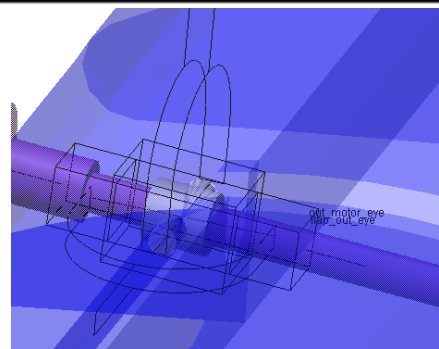
**IN SLIDER /  
FLAP**



# Multibody: Modeling, Topology - 2.2

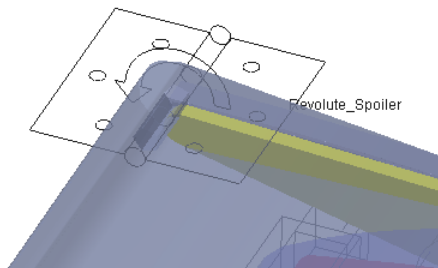
**Topology:  
constraints**

**OUT DRIVE EYE/  
FLAP**

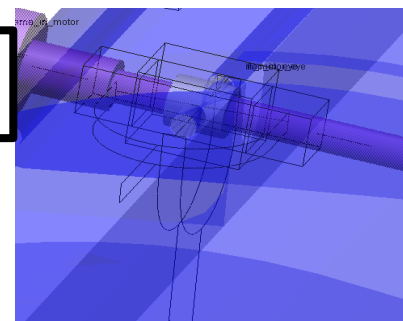


**OUT DRIVE MOTOR/  
DRIVE EYE**

**SPOILER/  
AIRFRAME**



**IN DRIVE EYE/  
FLAP**

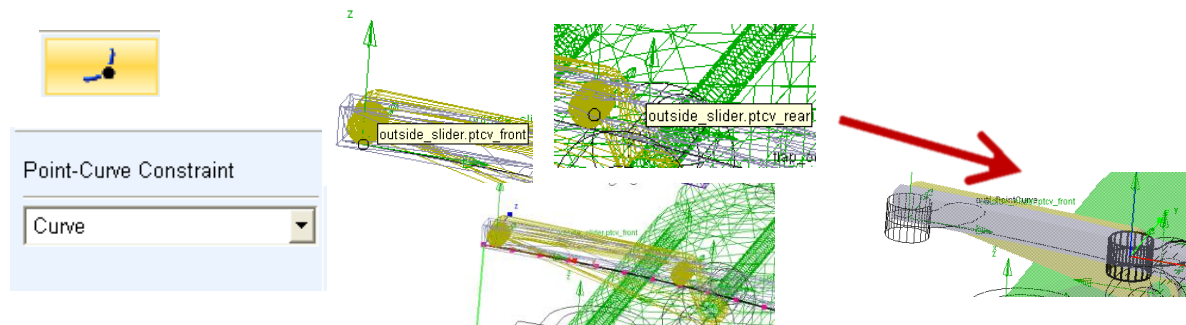


**IN DRIVE MOTOR/  
DRIVE EYE**

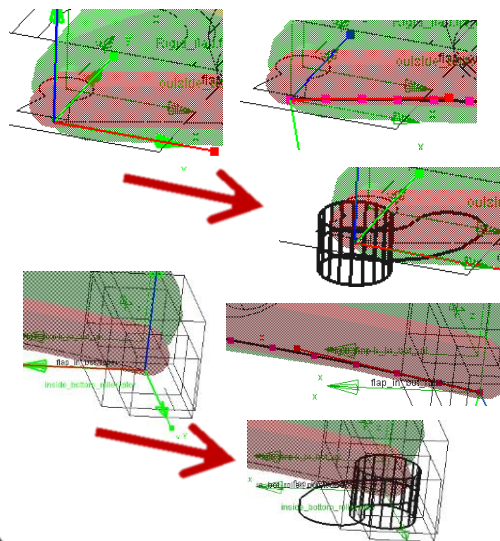
# Multibody: Modeling, Topology - 2.3

**Topology:  
PTCV**

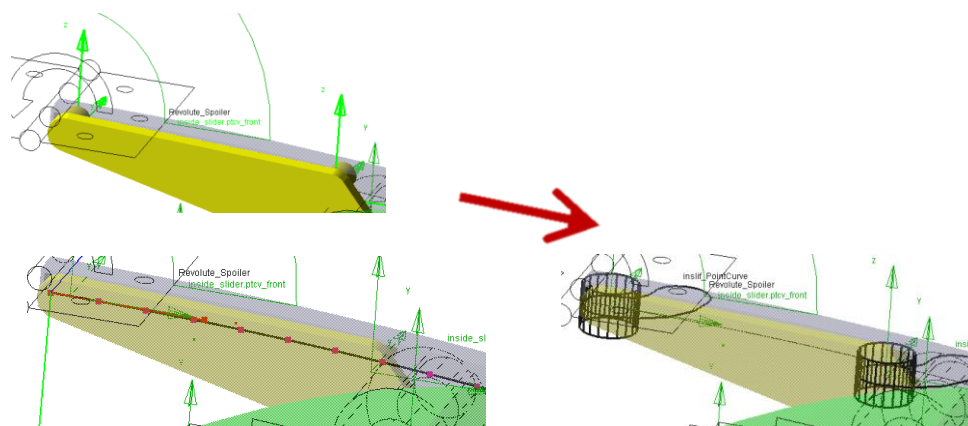
**OUT SLIDER/AIRFRAME FRONT & REAR**



**IN & OUT BOTTOM  
ROLLER/ AIRFRAME**



**IN SLIDER/AIRFRAME FRONT & REAR**



## Topology: Actuators



STEP5(TIME,0,0,3,-0.44)

DTOR\*(45\*STEP5(TIME,5,0,7,1))

# Multibody: Modeling, Topology - 2.5

## Adams/View

- Existing model
- File\_Name = Flap\_Kin.cmd

**Kinematic Model = 0 DOF**

VERIFY MODEL: .Flap\_Mechanism

```
-3 Gruebler Count (approximate degrees of freedom)
10 Moving Parts (not including ground)
2 Cylindrical Joints
1 Revolute Joints
2 Spherical Joints
3 Translational Joints
2 Universal Joints
1 Fixed Joints
3 Motions
6 Point_Curves
```

0 Degrees of Freedom for .Flap\_Mechanism

There are 3 redundant constraint equations.

This constraint:

```
.Flap_Mechanism.flap_in_bot_roller (Translational Joint)
.Flap_Mechanism.flap_inslider (Cylindrical Joint)
.Flap_Mechanism.flap_outslider (Cylindrical Joint)
```

unnecessarily removes this DOF:

```
Rotation Between Zi & Yj
Rotation Between Zi & Xj
Rotation Between Zi & Xj
```

Model verified successfully

## Mass & Inertia

**Modify Body**

Body: Rigid\_flap

Category: Mass Properties

Define Mass By: User Input

Mass: 58.0722748374

lxx: 29.9263945977 ☒ Off-Diagonal Terms

lxy: 1.44173341E-002 lyy: 5.1007175215

lzx: 0.2094968836 lyz: 9.519489288E-002 lzz: 34.7503519596

Center of Mass Marker: Rigid\_flap.cm

Inertia Reference Marker:

OK Apply Cancel

## Kinematic Analysis:

- Feasibility, functionality
- Actuator sizing
- Clearances
- failure



# Multibody: Kinematic Analysis - 3.1

**Measures:**  
**Actuator**  
relative disp/vel/force

**Dist. Iniziale**

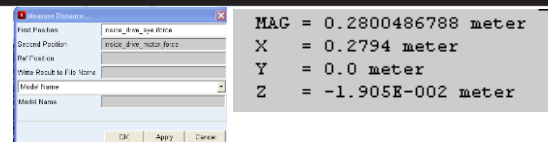
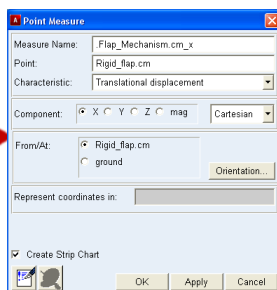
**DM f(time)**

**For In & Out  
Actuators**

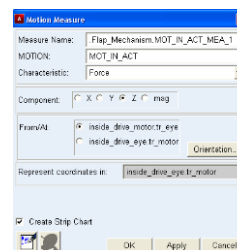
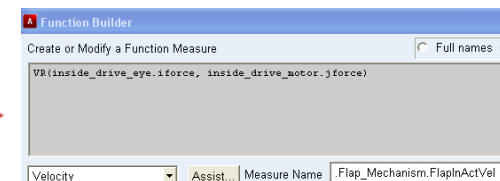
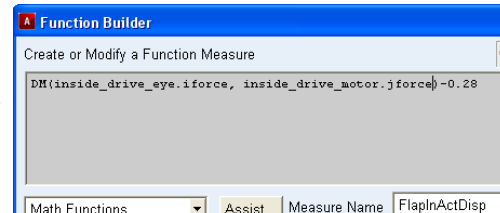
**VR f(time)**

**FZ f(time)**

**Measures:**  
**Flap CM**  
global  
displacement



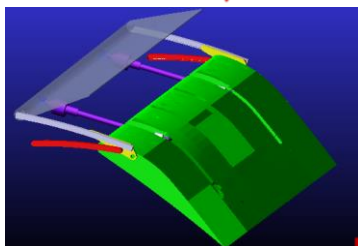
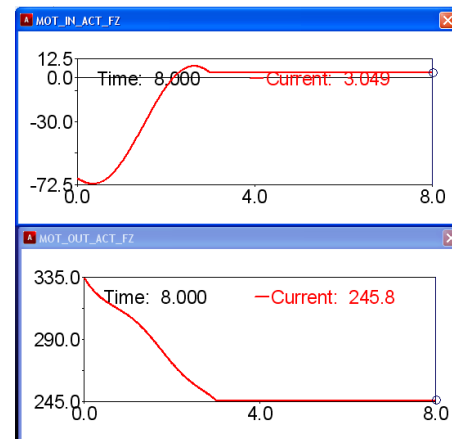
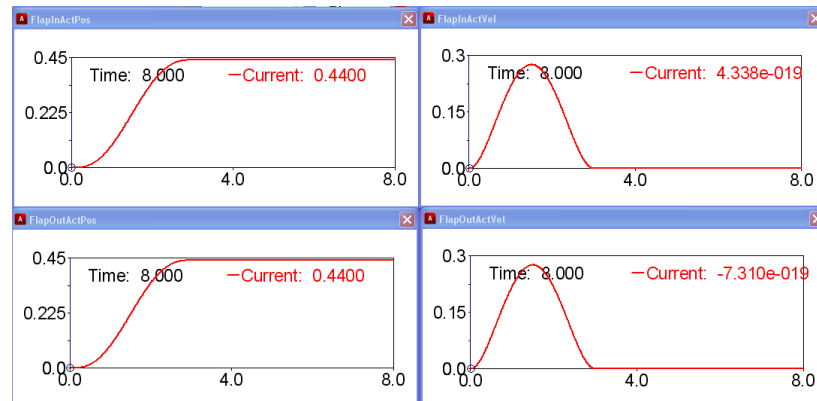
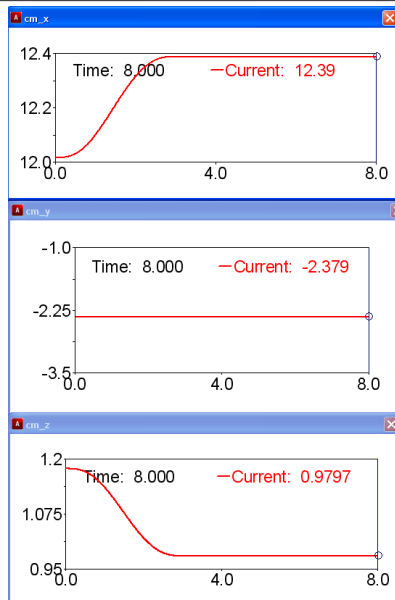
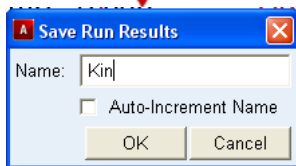
MAG = 0.2800486788 meter  
X = 0.2794 meter  
Y = 0.0 meter  
Z = -1.905E-002 meter



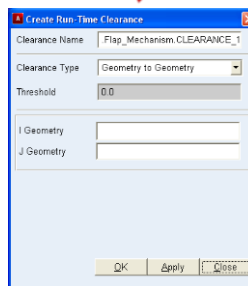
**Kin Analysis**  
**END =8 s**  
**STEPS = 800**

# Multibody: Kinematic Analysis - 3.2

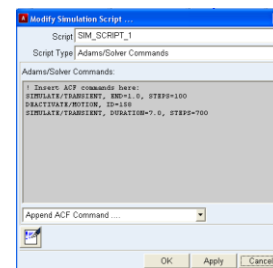
**Kin Analysis**  
**END = 8 s**  
**STEPS = 800**



**Clearance**



**Failure**



# Multibody: Kinematic Analysis - 3.3

**Clearance**



**Create Run-Time Clearance**

Clearance Name: Flap\_Mechanism.CLEARANCE\_1

Clearance Type: Geometry to Geometry

Threshold: 0.0

I Geometry:

J Geometry:

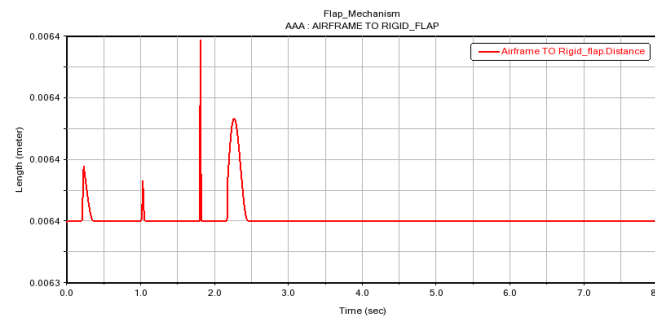
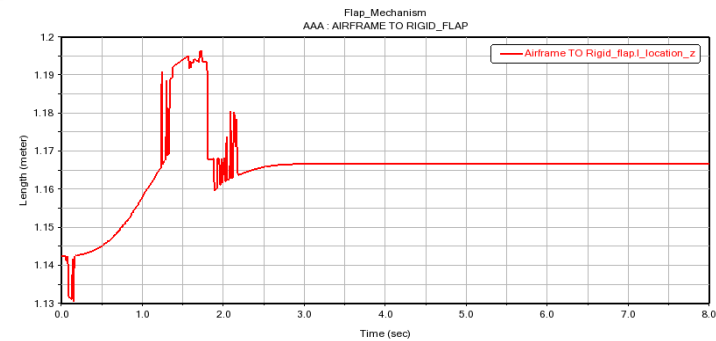
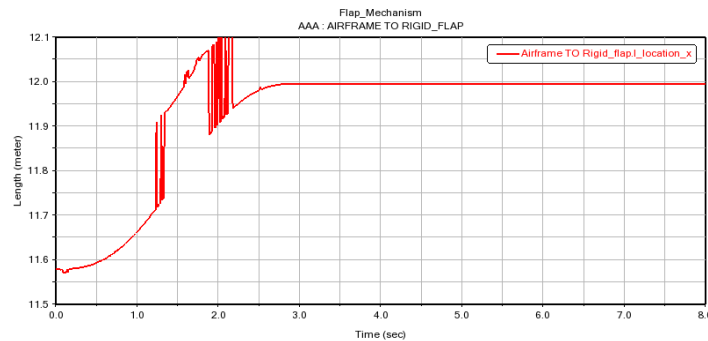
OK Apply Close

**Clearance Compute**

Simulation: Last\_Run

☐ Treat Flexible Bodies As Rigid

OK Apply Cancel



**Files**

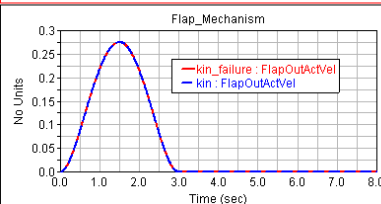
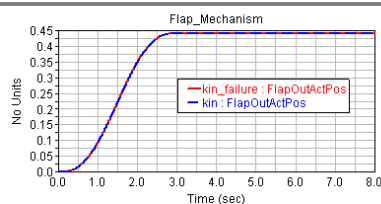
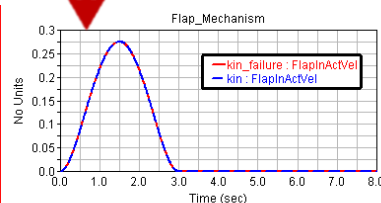
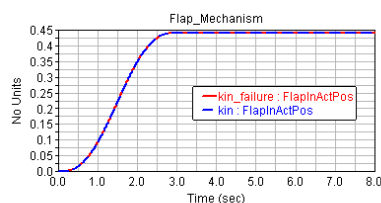
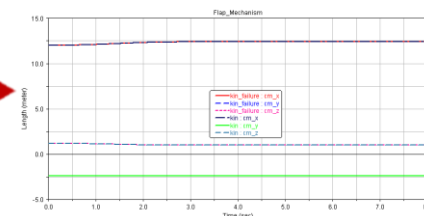
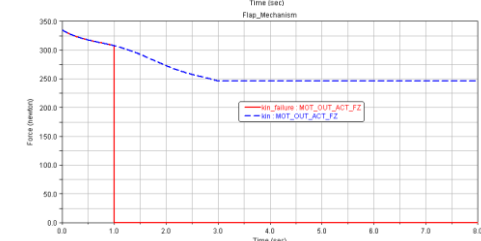
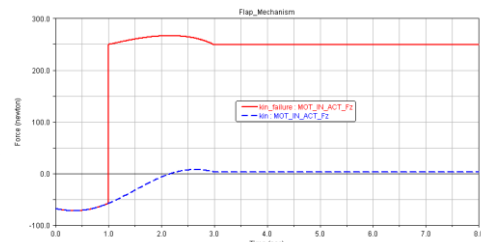
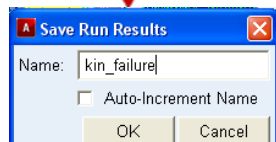
# Multibody: Kinematic Analysis - 3.4

## Failure Analysis

END =1 s, STEPS = 100

Deactivate/Motion, OutAct

DURATION=7 s, STEPS=700



# Multibody: Kinematic Analysis - 3.5

## ADV of kinematic model:

- easyness: rigid bodies model
- allows:
  - Functionality verification
  - Actuator sizing (preliminary)
  - Clearances analysis
  - failure



## Limits:

- flap not flexible
- Ideal actuation (MOTION)
- No hydraulic model (or electric...=



## Other capabilities:

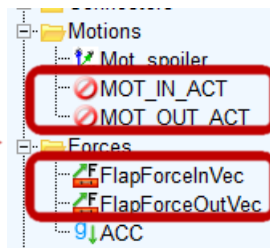
- Aerodynamic forces on center of pressure to improve sizing and loads evaluation



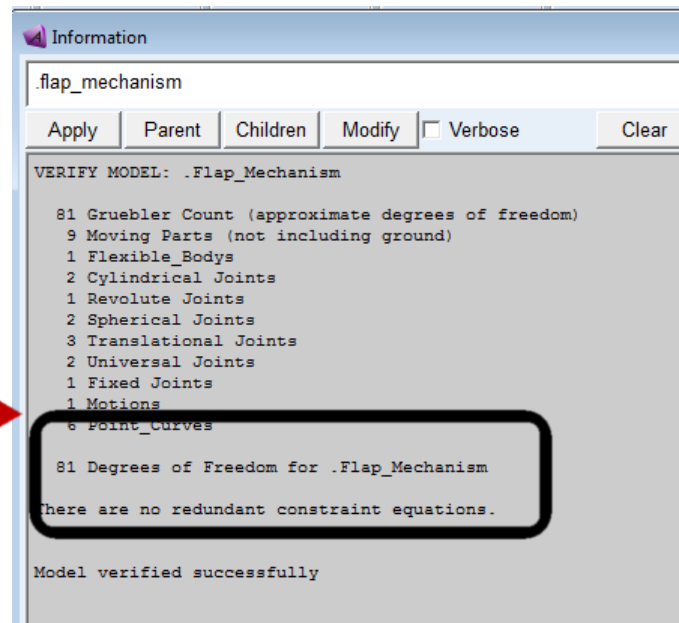
# Multibody: Dynamic Analysis - 4.1

## Adams/View

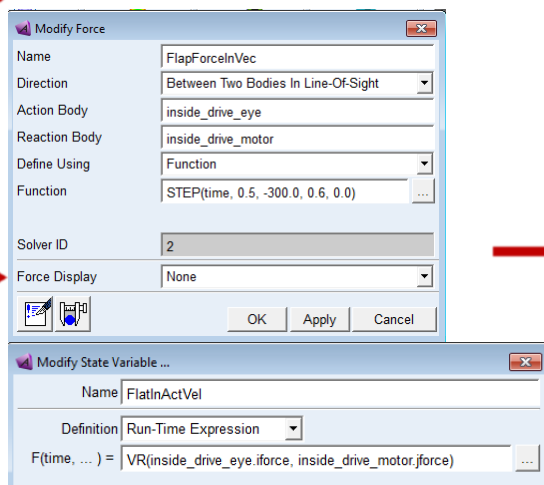
- Existing model
- File\_Name = Flap\_DYN.cmd



**Dynamic Model = 81 DOFs**



**Forces State Vars**



## Dynamic Analysis:

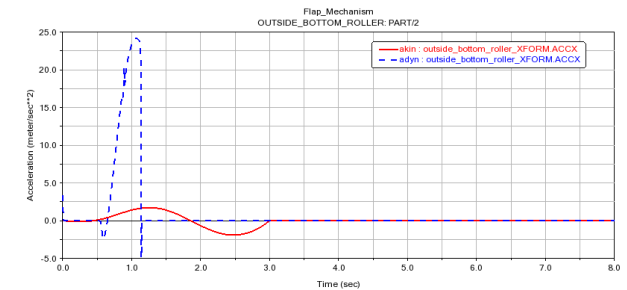
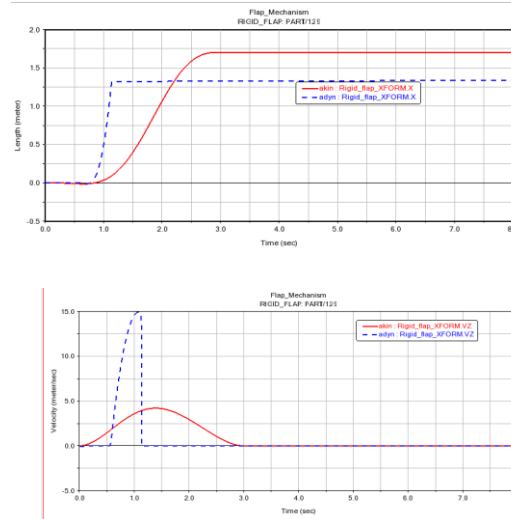
- verification
- Actuator sizing
- vibrations, damping
- failure



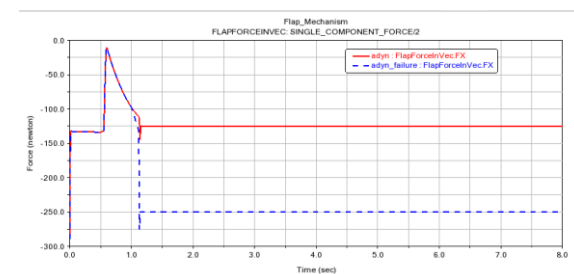
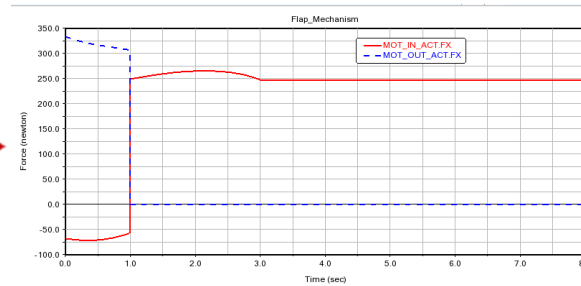
# Multibody: Dynamic Analysis –4.2



**Comparison  
Kin/Dyn Analysis**  
END =8 s  
STEPS = 800



**Comparison  
Failure Analysis**  
END =1 s, STEPS = 100  
Deactivate/Force, OutAct  
DURATION=7 s, STEPS=700



# Multibody: Dynamic Analysis - 4.3

## ADV of dynamic model:

- «real» model
- Inertia effects
- Vibrations
- Failure
- Disturbances



## Issues:

- increase of complexity, parameters, effort
- Requirement of more knowledge of physics

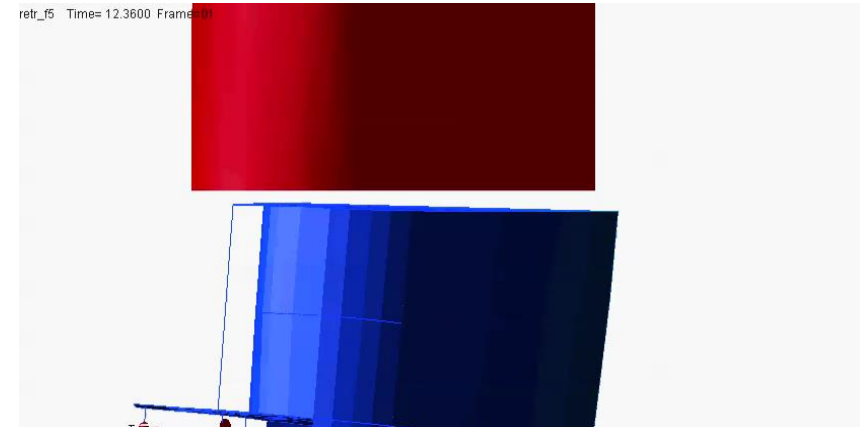
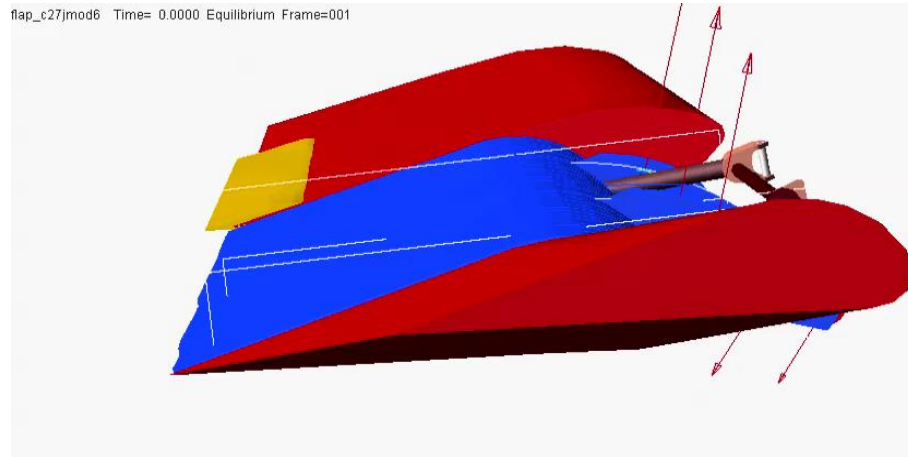
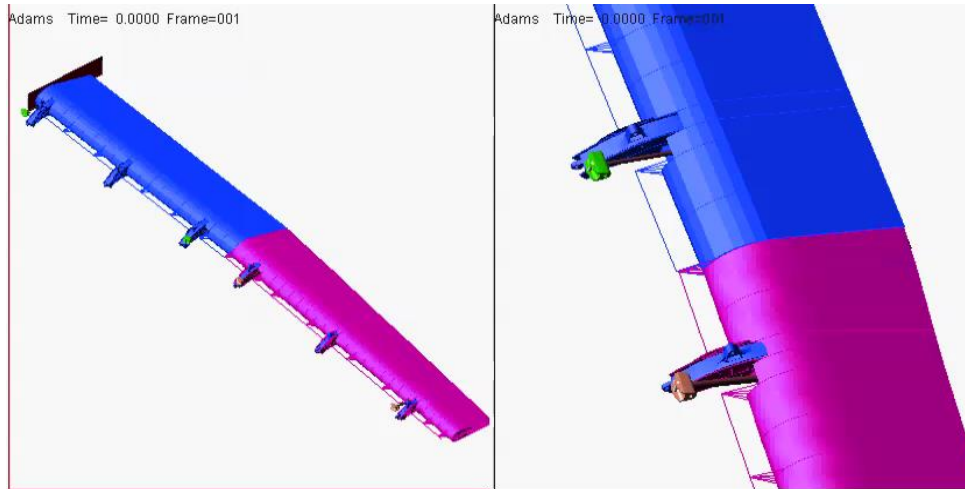


## Other capabilities:

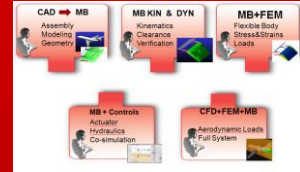
- Aerodynamic forces
- Hydraulic or electric or other model of actuators



# Multibody: Failure example - 4.4

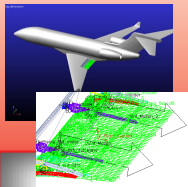


# Multidiscipline analysis



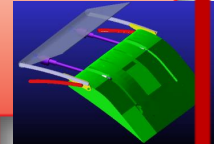
## CAD → MB

Assembly  
Modeling  
Geometry



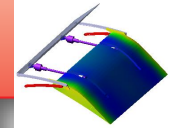
## MB KIN & DYN

Adv. Kinematics  
Clearance  
Verification



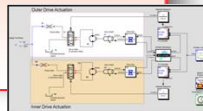
## MB+FEM

Flexible Body  
Stress&Strains  
Loads



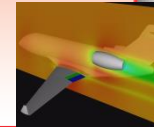
## MB + Controls

Actuator  
Hydraulics  
Co-simulation



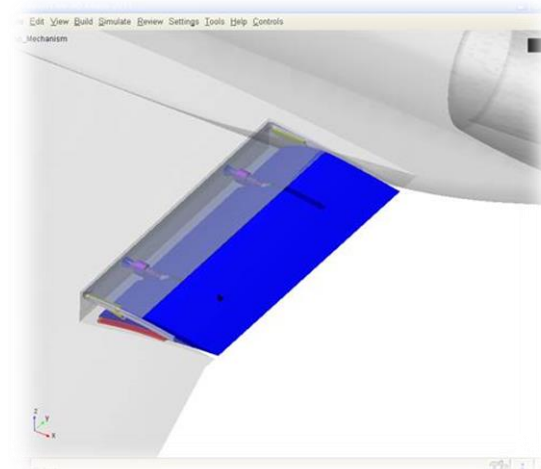
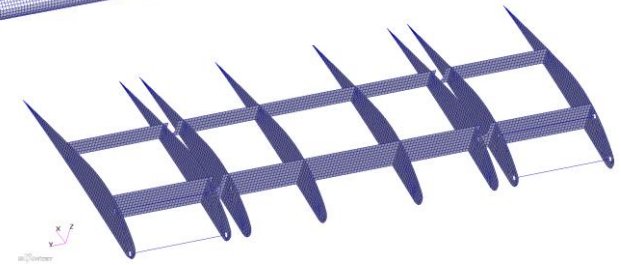
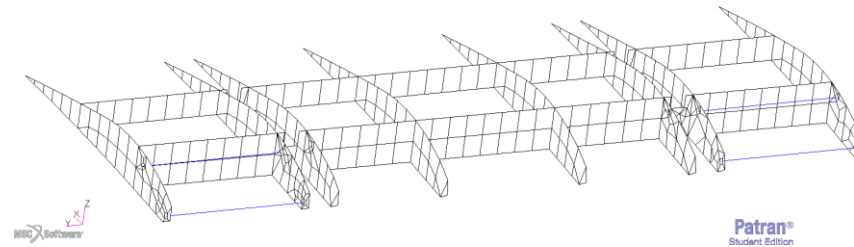
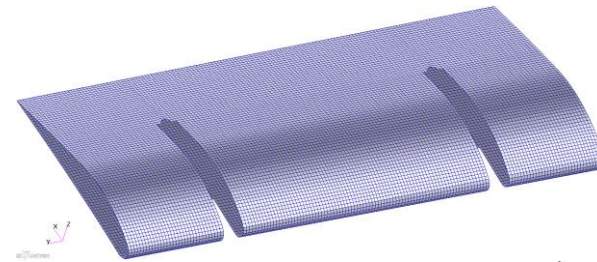
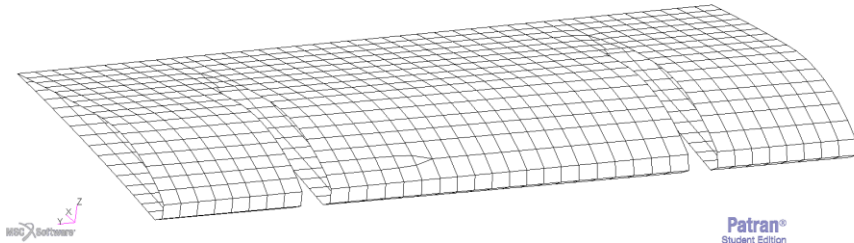
## CFD+FEM+MB

Aerodynamic Loads  
Full System



# MSC Nastran - Adams

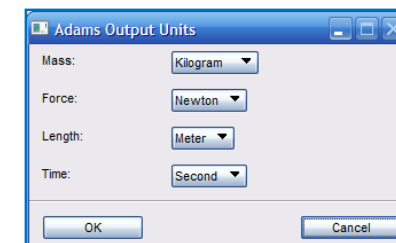
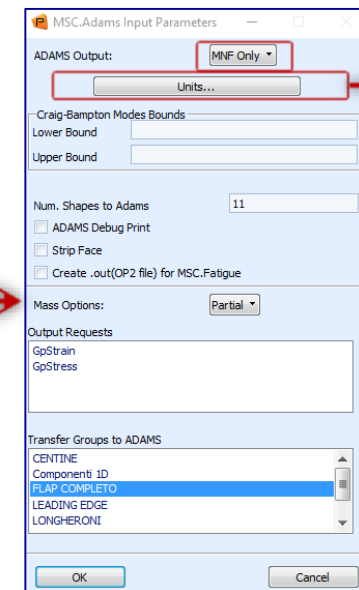
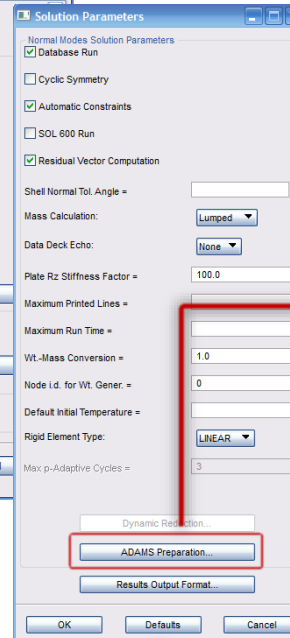
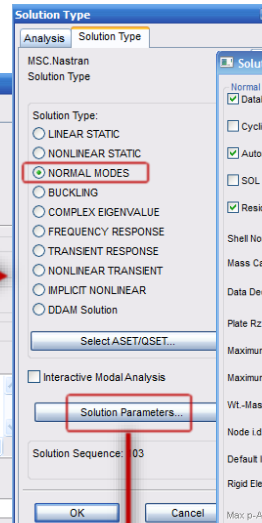
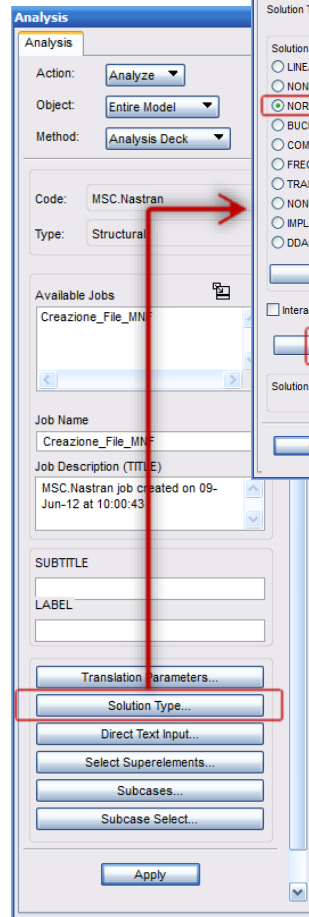
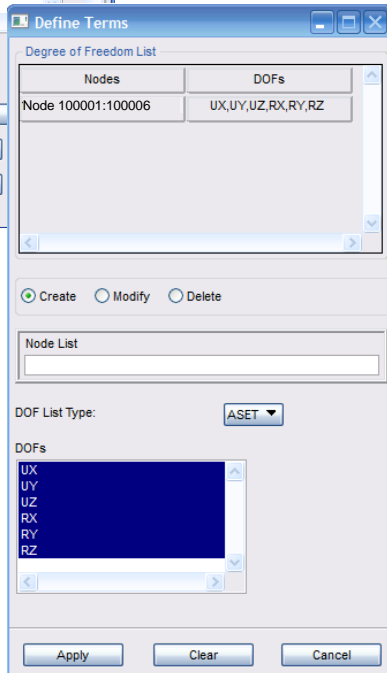
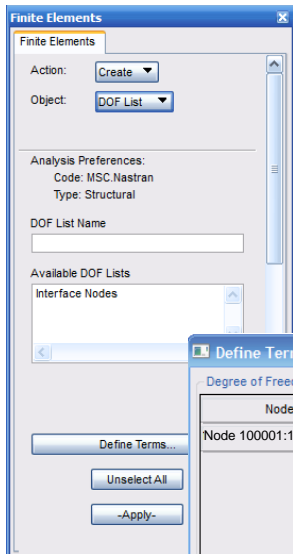
## Meshing



# MSC Nastran - Adams

## Analysis

*Interface  
nodes*



**6 nodi-6 dofs = 36  
+  
10 dynamic modes  
+  
1 modal load  
=  
47 modi free-free**



# MSC Nastran - Adams

## Analysis

The image shows the MSC Nastran Analysis Deck interface with several sub-dialogs open, illustrating the setup for a static analysis with 10 dynamic modes. Red arrows indicate the workflow:

- Analysis Window:** Action: Analyze, Object: Entire Model, Method: Analysis Deck, Code: MSC.Nastran, Type: Structural.
- Subcases Dialog:** Solution Sequence: 103, Action: Create, Available Subcases: Default, STATICO.
- Subcase Parameters Dialog:** REAL EIGENVALUE EXTRACTION, Extraction Method: Lanczos, Frequency Range of Interest: Lower =, Upper =, Estimated Number of Roots = 100, Number of Desired Roots = 10, Diagnostic Output Level: 0, Results Normalization: Normalization Method: Mass, Normalization Point =, Normalization Component: 1, Number of Modes in Error Analysis =, Default Load Temperature =.
- Output Requests Dialog:** SUBCASE NAME: Default, SOLUTION SEQUENCE: 103, Form Type: Advanced, Select Result Type: Element Forces, Element Strain Energies, Element Strains, Grid Point Stresses, Grid Point Force Balance, Eigenvectors, Contact Results.
- Subcase Select Dialog:** Subcases For Solution Sequence: 103, CARICO STATICO, Default.

**10 dynamic modes**

# MSC Nastran - Adams



```
$ MSC.Nastran input file created on January 26, 2020 at 17:56:56 by
$ Patran 2019 (Student Edition)
$ Direct Text Input for Nastran System Cell Section
$ Direct Text Input for File Management Section
$ Direct Text Input for Executive Control
$ Normal Modes Analysis, Database
```

**Creation of file MNF file**

```
SOL 103
CEND
$ Direct Text Input for Global Case Control Data
RESVEC(NOINRL) = YES
LOAD = 2
TITLE = MSC.Nastran job created on 22-Jan-20 at 20:54:54
ECHO = NONE
$ Using Nastran default values for RESVEC
SET 1=2
ADAMS MNF FLEXBODY=YES,FLEXONLY=YES,PSETID=1
```

**10 dynamic modes**

```
SUBCASE 1
  SUBTITLE=Default
$ Direct Text Input for this Subcase
  METHOD = 1
  VECTOR(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
  SPCFORCES(SORT1,REAL)=ALL
OUTPUT(POST)
$ Elements (and connectors) for group : FLAP COMPLETO
SET 2 = 1 THRU 1789,1790
BEGIN BULK
MDLPRM HDF5 0
PARAM PRTMAXIM YES
DTI UNITS 1 KG N M S
EIGRL 1 10 0 MASS
$ Elements and Element Properties for region : Pannelli
PSHELL 1 1 .004 1 1
$ Pset: "Pannelli" will be imported as: "pshell.1"
CQUAD4 1 1 1 2 11 10
CQUAD4 2 1 2 3 12 11
CQUAD4 3 1 3 4 13 12
...
CTRIA3 1461 3 1445 1451 1426
CTRIA3 1462 3 1451 1445 1448
$ Elements and Element Properties for region : Elementi_10
PBARL 4 1 ROD
.00635
$ Pset: "Elementi_10" will be imported as: "pbarl.4"
CBAR 1759 4 1587 1588 0. 0. 1.
```

```
CBAR 1760 4 1588 1589 0. 0. 1.
..
CBAR 1789 4 1620 1621 0. 0. 1.
CBAR 1790 4 1621 1622 0. 0. 1.
$ Referenced Material Records
$ Material Record : Alluminio
$ Description of Material : Date: 09-Jun-12 Time: 01:22:33
MAT1 1 7.+10 .33 2700.
$ Multipoint Constraints of the Entire Model
$ ID conflict : the PATRAN MPC ID was 1
RBE2 1791 100001 123456 1457 1458 1459 1468 1587
$ ID conflict : the PATRAN MPC ID was 2
...
$ ID conflict : the PATRAN MPC ID was 8
RBE2 1798 100004 123456 1542 1543 1544 1545 1555
1556 1557 1558 16
```

**11 modes including 1 Residual Vector**

```
$ Nodes of the Entire Model
GRID 1 12.18413-1.
GRID 2 12.18413-1.
...
GRID 100005 11.5824 -3.600451.1303
GRID 100006 11.7602 -3.603621.2192
$ Loads for Load Case : Default
SPOINT 100007 THRU 100017
QSET1 100007 THRU 100017
ASET1 123456 100001 100002 100003 100004 100005 100006
```

**6 interface nodes**

```
$ Referenced Coordinate Frames
$ Direct Text Input for Bulk Data
$ Loads for Load Case : CARICO STATICO
LOAD 2 1. 1. 1. 1. 3
$ Nodal Forces of Load Set : Forze_Nodi_Estremi
FORCE 1 777 0 .5 0. 0. 1.
FORCE 1 1017 0 .5 0. 0. 1.
$ Nodal Forces of Load Set : Forze_Nodi_Interni
FORCE 3 783 0 1. 0. 0. 1.
FORCE 3 789 0 1. 0. 0. 1.
...
FORCE 3 1005 0 1. 0. 0. 1.
FORCE 3 1011 0 1. 0. 0. 1.
```

**Modal Force**

```
ENDDATA 59f4f666
```

# MSC Nastran - Adams



MODE NO.	EXTRACTION ORDER	EIGENVALUE	REAL EIGENVALUES (BEFORE AUGMENTATION OF RESIDUAL VECTORS)			
			RADIANS	CYCLES	GENERALIZED MASS	GENERALIZED STIFFNESS
1	1	2.836929E+05	5.326283E+02	8.477043E+01	1.000000E+00	2.836929E+05
2	2	7.074947E+05	8.411270E+02	1.338695E+02	1.000000E+00	7.074947E+05
...						
9	9	1.626282E+06	1.275258E+03	2.029635E+02	1.000000E+00	1.626282E+06
10	10	1.641885E+06	1.281360E+03	2.039348E+02	1.000000E+00	1.641885E+06

MODE NO.	EXTRACTION ORDER	EIGENVALUE	REAL EIGENVALUES (AFTER AUGMENTATION OF RESIDUAL VECTORS)			
			RADIANS	CYCLES	GENERALIZED MASS	GENERALIZED STIFFNESS
1	1	2.836929E+05	5.326283E+02	8.477043E+01	1.000000E+00	2.836929E+05
2	2	7.074947E+05	8.411270E+02	1.338695E+02	1.000000E+00	7.074947E+05
...						
9	9	1.626282E+06	1.275258E+03	2.029635E+02	1.000000E+00	1.626282E+06
10	10	1.641885E+06	1.281360E+03	2.039348E+02	1.000000E+00	1.641885E+06
11	11	4.005155E+06	2.001288E+03	3.185149E+02	1.000000E+00	4.005155E+06

```

***
*** NASTRAN/ADAMS INTERFACE DMAP INFORMATION MESSAGE:
***
*** READ MODULE IS BEING USED FOR A-SET ORTHONORMALIZATION
***
*** USER INFORMATION MESSAGE 5458 (REIG)
*** QL HOUSEHOLDER METHOD IS AUTOMATICALLY SELECTED .
***
*** NASTRAN/ADAMS INTERFACE DMAP INFORMATION MESSAGE:
***
*** DURING A-SET ORTHONORMALIZATION,
*** A TOTAL OF 47 MODES WERE FOUND
*** OUT OF A POSSIBLE 47 .
***

```

**6 nodi·6 dofs = 36**  
**+**  
**10 modes**  
**+**  
**1 modal load**  
**=**  
**47 modi free-free**

MODE NO.	EXTRACTION ORDER	EIGENVALUE	REAL EIGENVALUES			
			RADIANS	CYCLES	GENERALIZED MASS	GENERALIZED STIFFNESS
1	1	-1.344368E-07	3.666562E-04	5.835514E-05	1.000000E+00	-1.344368E-07
2	2	-7.663624E-08	2.768325E-04	4.405926E-05	1.000000E+00	-7.663624E-08
3	3	-2.717132E-08	1.648373E-04	2.623466E-05	1.000000E+00	-2.717132E-08
4	4	5.208844E-08	2.282289E-04	3.632376E-05	1.000000E+00	5.208844E-08
5	5	9.702277E-08	3.114848E-04	4.957434E-05	1.000000E+00	9.702277E-08
6	6	1.967302E-07	4.435428E-04	7.059203E-05	1.000000E+00	1.967302E-07
7	7	3.920560E+05	6.261437E+02	9.965387E+01	1.000000E+00	3.920560E+05
...						
42	42	5.041897E+08	2.245417E+04	3.573692E+03	1.000000E+00	5.041897E+08
43	43	5.132132E+08	2.265421E+04	3.605529E+03	1.000000E+00	5.132132E+08
44	44	1.439797E+09	3.794465E+04	6.039079E+03	1.000000E+00	1.439797E+09
45	45	1.462010E+09	3.823624E+04	6.085486E+03	1.000000E+00	1.462010E+09
46	46	6.097180E+09	7.808444E+04	1.242752E+04	1.000000E+00	6.097180E+09
47	47	7.726424E+09	8.790008E+04	1.398973E+04	1.000000E+00	7.726424E+09

# Multibody: Flexible Body – 6.1



**Rigid to Flex**



**Swap a rigid body for a flexible body**

Alignment | Connections

Current Part: Rigid\_flap  
MNF File: flap\_rml.mnf  
Index in DB: [ ] Load

Flex Body Positioning

Align Flex Body CM with CM of Current Part  
Flip about: X axis Y axis Z axis

Launch Precision Move Panel  
3 Point Method

View Parts Only View Topology ☐ Copy original part OK Apply Cancel

---

**Swap a rigid body for a flexible body**

Alignment | Connections

Update table Reset table Node Finder

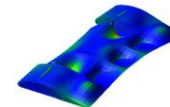
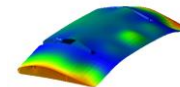
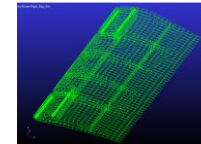
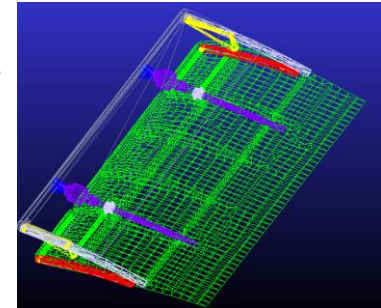
Marker Management

Node ID: 1 Apply Marker location Move to node Preserve expression Preserve location

Number of digits: 2 Sort By: Connections

Marker	Connections	Node ID	Interface	Relative Location	Distance	Move
1 cyl_outsider	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#2644	*	-0.00, 0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
2 uni_out_eye	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#3778	*	-0.00, 0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
3 fix_out_bot_rol	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#2623	*	0.00, -0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
4 cyl_insider	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#2581	*	0.00, 0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
5 uni_in_eye	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#3779	*	0.00, 0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
6 tr_in_bot_rol	Flap_Mechanism.flap_cm#2602	*	0.00, -0.00, 0.00	0.00		move
7 rslf		6365	*	0.00, -0.00, 0.00	0.00	move
8 rslf		6366	*	0.00, -0.00, 0.00	0.00	move

View Parts Only View Topology ☐ Copy original part OK Apply Cancel



**Flexible Body Modify**

Flexible Body: Rigid\_flap\_flex

Damping Ratio: (none) ☐ default

Datum Node: ☐ LBRF

Generalized Damping: Off

Location Position ICs Velocity ICs Modal ICs

Mode Number: (none) of 88

Frequency: [ ]

Cycles: 3 ☐ Superimpose

☐ Enable ☐ Disable range auto

Graphics

☒ Full graphics ☐ Rigid body

☐ Outline ☐ Constant

Plot Type: Both ☐ Partial coupling

Mode Filter

Deformation Scale Factor: 1.0

OK Apply Cancel

VERIFY MODEL: .Flap\_Mechanism

```

79 Gruebler Count (approximate degrees of freedom)
9 Moving Parts (not including ground)
1 Flexible_Bodies
2 Cylindrical Joints
1 Revolute Joints
2 Spherical Joints
3 Translational Joints
2 Universal Joints
1 Fixed Joints
3 Motions
    
```

79 Degrees of Freedom for .Flap\_Mechanism

There are no redundant constraint equations.

Model verified successfully

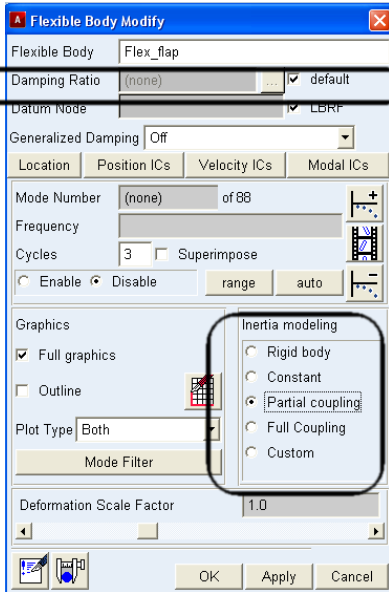
**Dynamic Model**

**Modality Model Ex**

Mod. Freq.	Enabled	Displacement IC	Disp Exact	Velocity IC
1. 0.0000000000000000				
2. 0.0000000000000000				
3. 0.0000000000000000				
4. 0.0000000000000000				
5. 0.0000000000000000				
6. 0.0000000000000000				
7. 0.0000000000000000				
8. 0.0000000000000000				
9. 0.0000000000000000				
10. 0.0000000000000000				
11. 0.0000000000000000				
12. 0.0000000000000000				
13. 0.0000000000000000				
14. 0.0000000000000000				
15. 0.0000000000000000				
16. 0.0000000000000000				
17. 0.0000000000000000				
18. 0.0000000000000000				
19. 0.0000000000000000				
20. 0.0000000000000000				
21. 0.0000000000000000				
22. 0.0000000000000000				
23. 0.0000000000000000				
24. 0.0000000000000000				

Disable Highlighted Modes Set Exact  
Apply Highlighted Modes Apply Displacement IC Clear Exact Apply Velocity IC  
Refresh Table Close

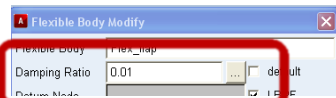
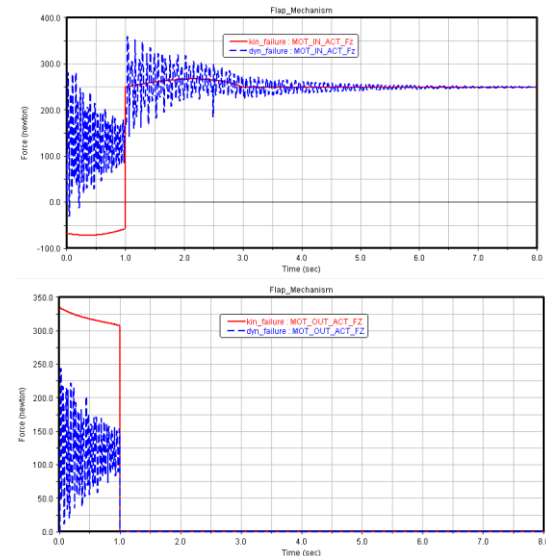
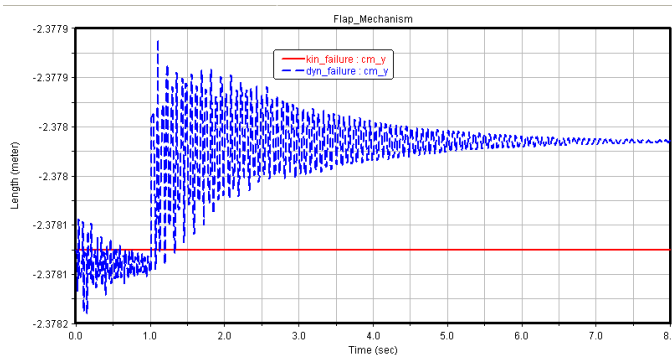
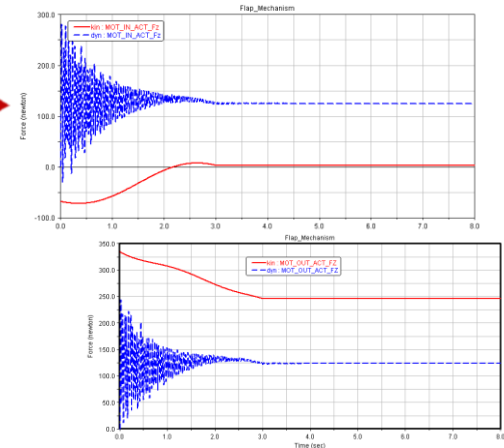
# Multibody: Flexible Body – 6.2



**Comparison  
Rig/Flex Analysis**  
END =8 s  
STEPS = 800

**Comparison  
Failure Analysis**

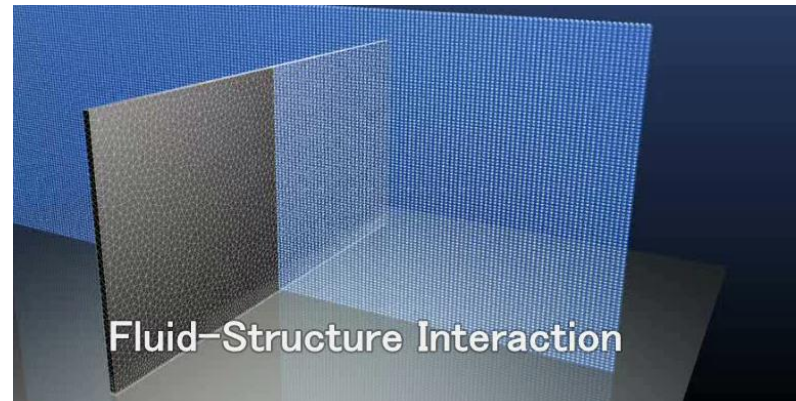
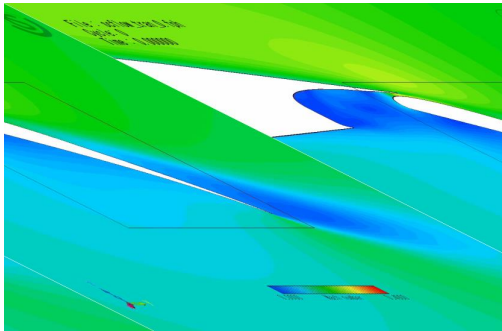
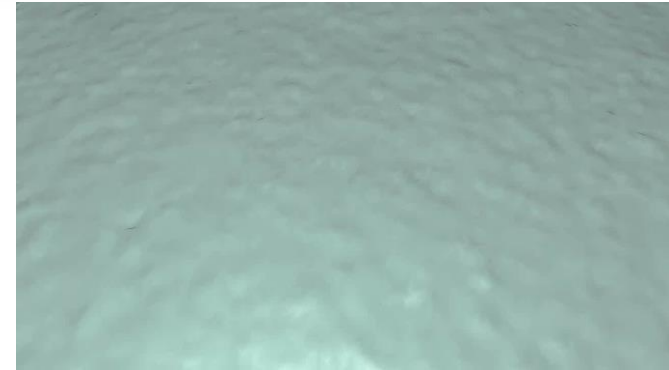
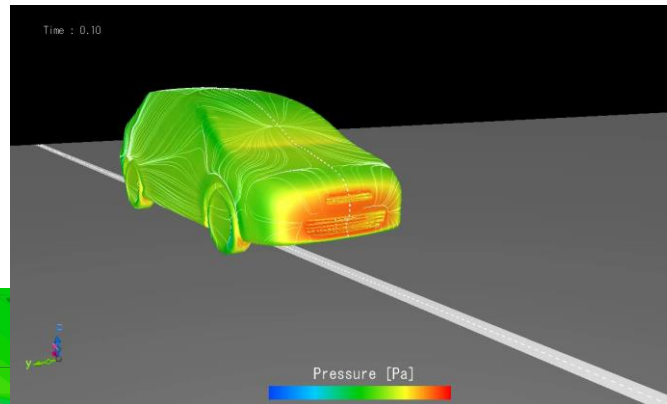
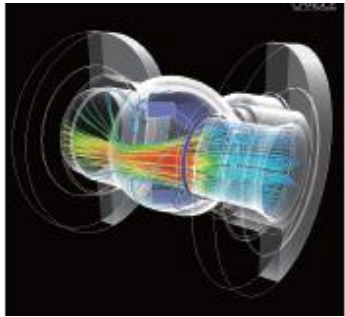
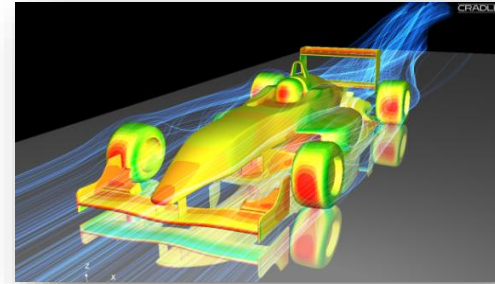
END =1 s, STEPS = 100  
Deactivate/Motion, OutAct  
DURATION=7 s, STEPS=700



**\*Damping  
values,  
comparison**



# CFD: Aerodynamic Force (notes) 7.1





# CFD: Aerodynamic Force (notes) 7.2



Many config

$\alpha$   
 $\beta$   
 $\delta$   
Mach



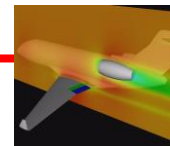
PLOAD  
FORCE

SUBCASE 1  
LABEL= Mach=0.350000, Alfa=8.000000, Beta=0.000000, Delta=0.000000  
LOAD = 1

NASTRAN

MNF with  
Modal Loads

ADAMS  
MFORCE



Aero Map Scaling factors  
FUNCTION OF:

$\alpha$   
 $\beta$   
 $\delta$   
Mach.

and

$D$

$\alpha$   
 $\beta$   
 $\delta$   
Mach

$/DT$

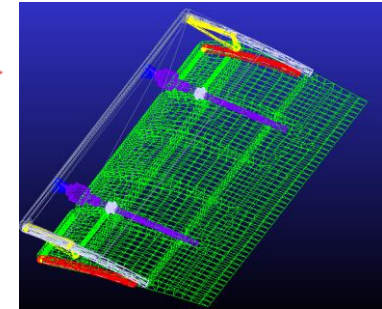
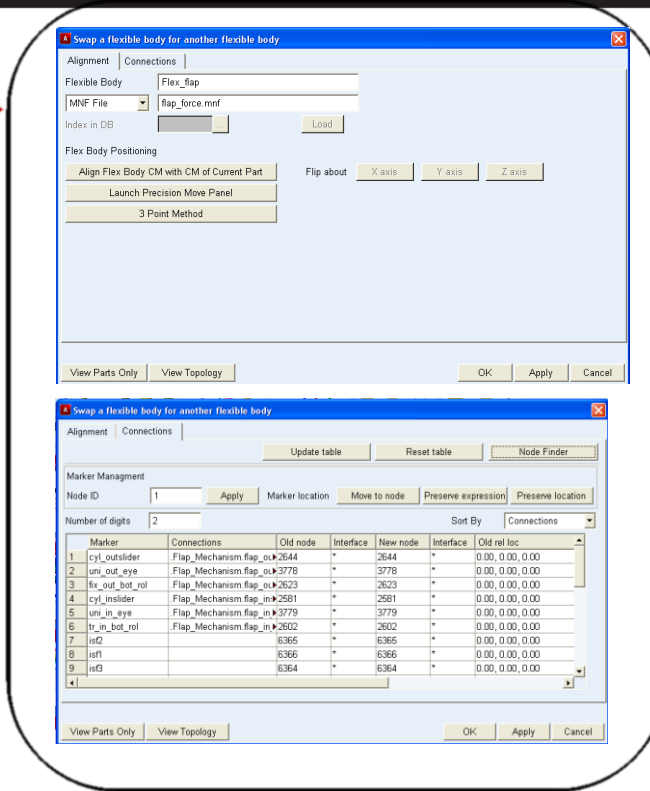
$D^2$

$\alpha$   
 $\beta$   
 $\delta$   
Mach

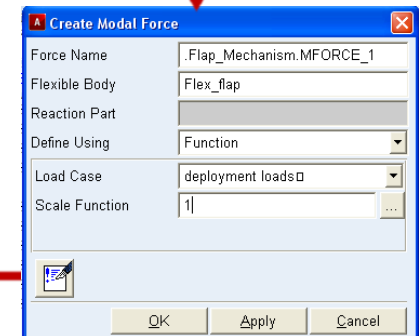
$/DT^2$

# Multibody: FlexBody and Aero Forces – 8.1

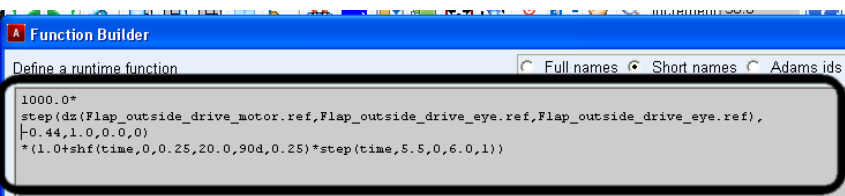
**Flex to Flex**



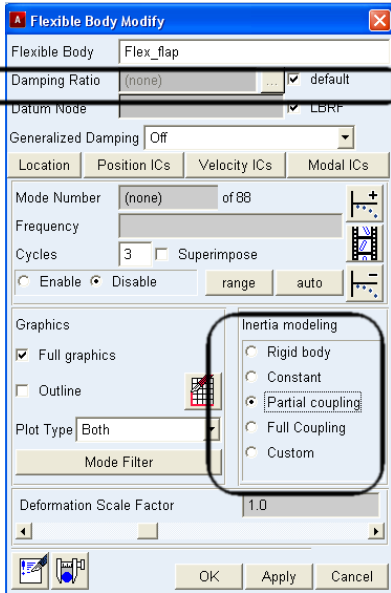
**Modal Force**



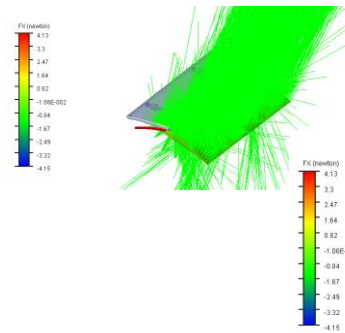
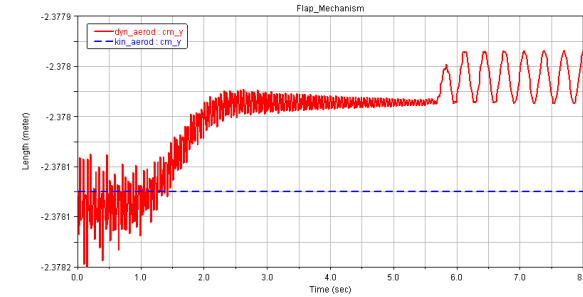
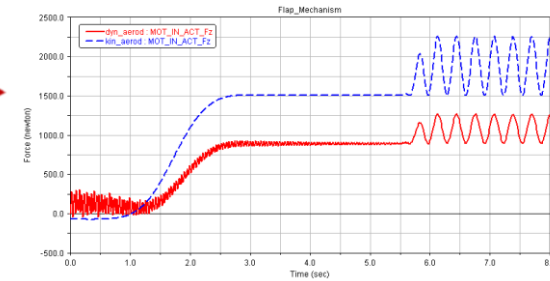
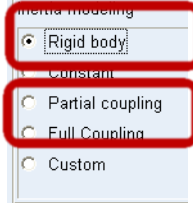
**Scale:**  
 -f(time)  
 -f( $\delta$  flap)  
 -f(rot spoiler)  
 -f(speed)  
 -f(Mach)



# Multibody: FlexBody and Aero Forces – 8.2

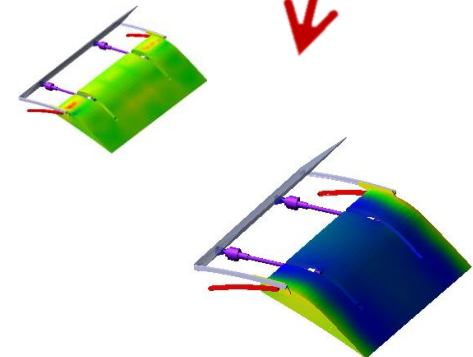
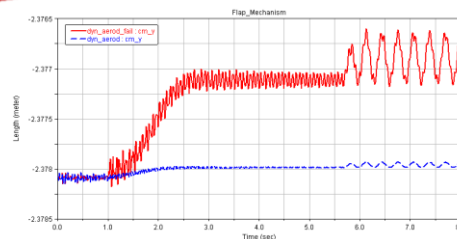


**Comparison  
Rig/Flex Analysis  
END =8 s  
STEPS = 800**

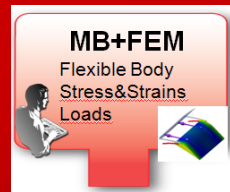


**Comparison  
Failure Analysis with and  
w/o aerodynamic force**

END =1 s, STEPS = 100  
Deactivate/Motion, OutAct  
DURATION=7 s, STEPS=700

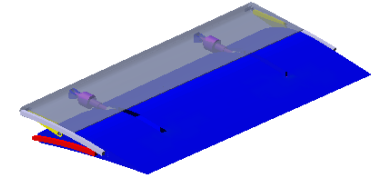
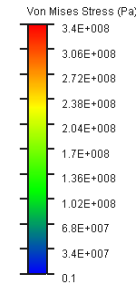
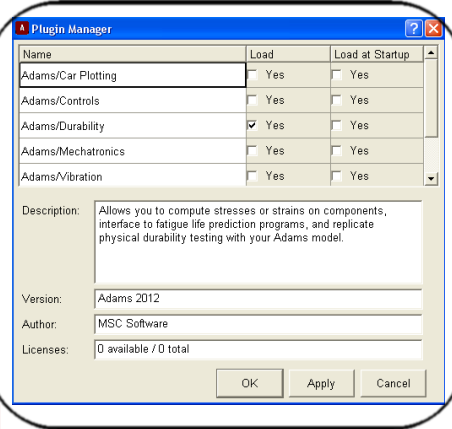


# Multibody: Stress recovery (notes) - 9.1

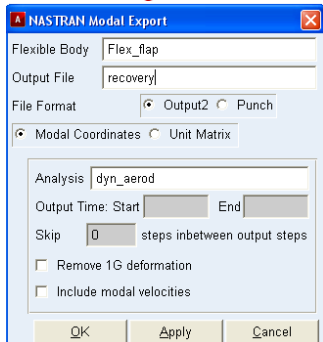


**Durability**

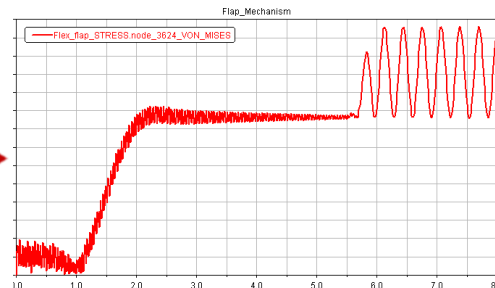
**Output to Nastran: MDF**



**Hot Spot table**



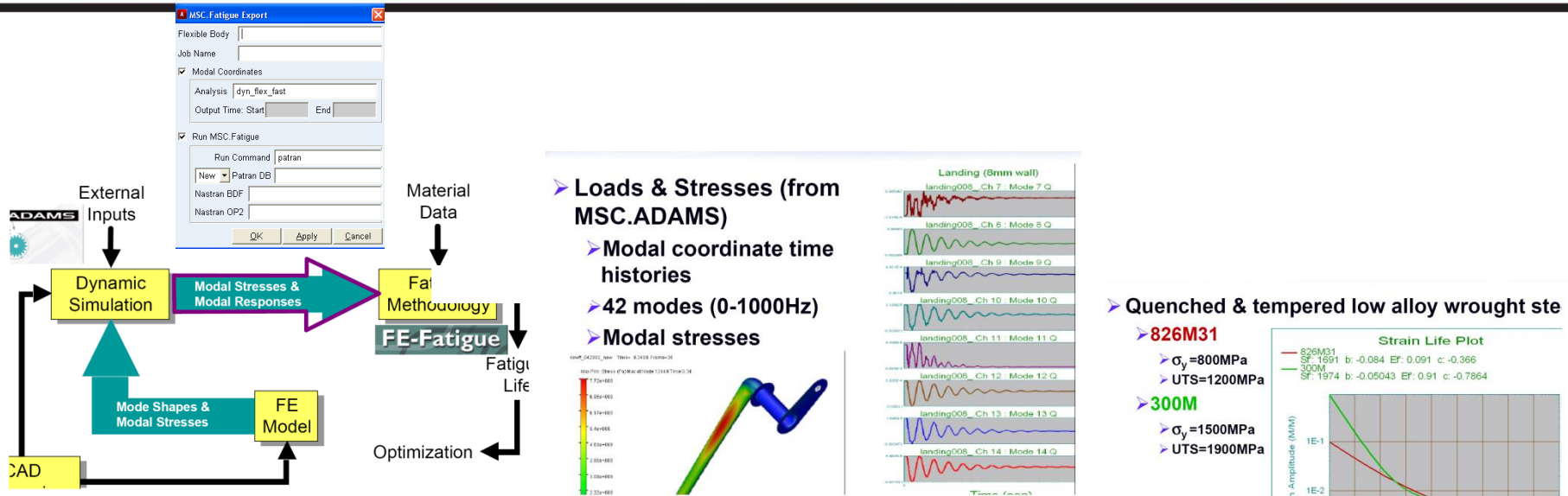
**Nodal Stresses Plot**



VON MISES Hot Spots for Flex_flap Date= 2012-06-10 16:57:00									
Model= Flap_Mechanism		Analysis= dyn_aerod		Time = 0 to 8 sec					
Top 10 Hot Spots		Abs		Radius= 0.0 meter					
Hot Spot #	Stress (newton/meter**2)	Node id	Time (sec)	Location wrt LPRF (meter)					
				X	Y	Z			
1	3.40147E+008	3624	7.38	11.754	-3.00038	1.22995			
2	2.29131E+008	3751	7.38	11.8031	-1.69528	1.19285			
3	2.18477E+008	3752	7.38	11.8031	-1.70498	1.19086			
4	2.04586E+008	3753	7.38	11.8031	-1.71465	1.19289			
5	2.01005E+008	3755	7.38	11.8031	-1.72838	1.20656			
6	1.92538E+008	3754	7.38	11.8031	-1.72284	1.19839			
7	1.67895E+008	3702	7.38	11.8031	-3.05118	1.19086			
8	1.52989E+008	3701	7.38	11.8031	-3.04148	1.19285			
9	1.5216E+008	3703	7.38	11.8031	-3.06085	1.19289			
10	1.50988E+008	3623	7.38	11.7493	-3.00038	1.22545			

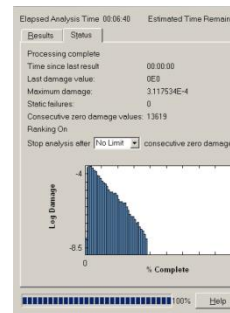
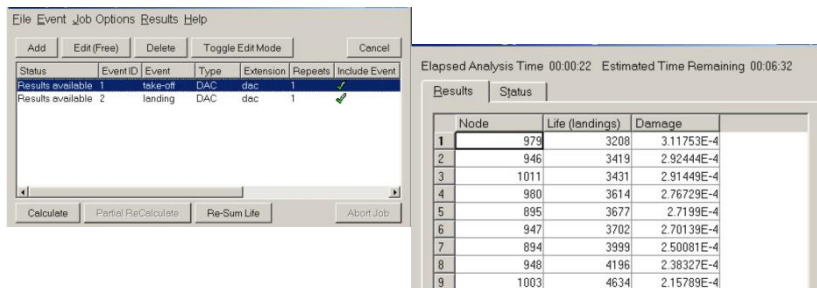
Flex Body: Flex\_flap, Radius: 0.0, Count: 10, Type: Von Mises, Sort Order: Absolute, File Format: HTML, Base Font Size: 10

# Multibody: Fatigue Analysis (notes) – 9.2



Combine multiple MSC.ADAMS analyses

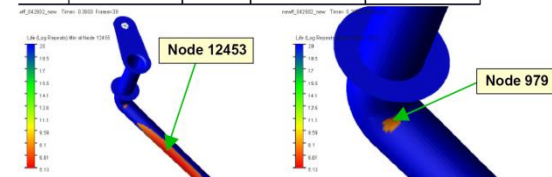
Run as single fatigue analysis

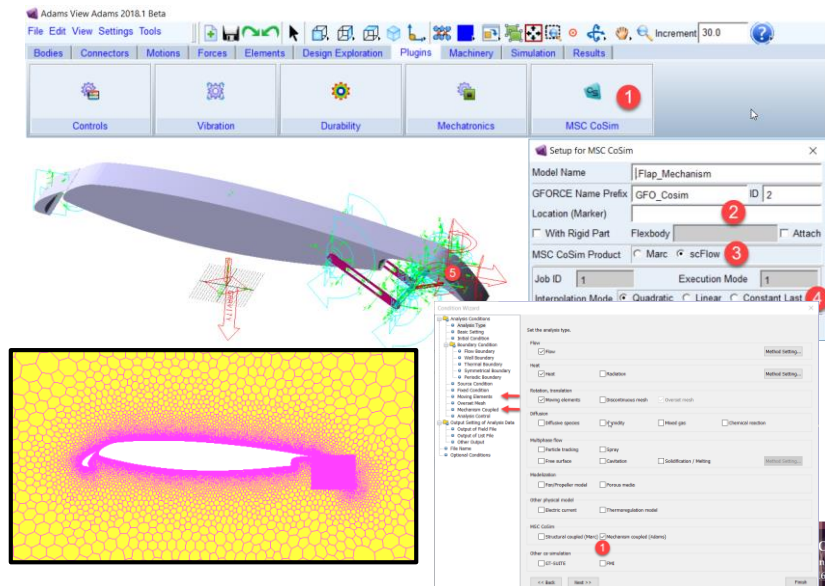
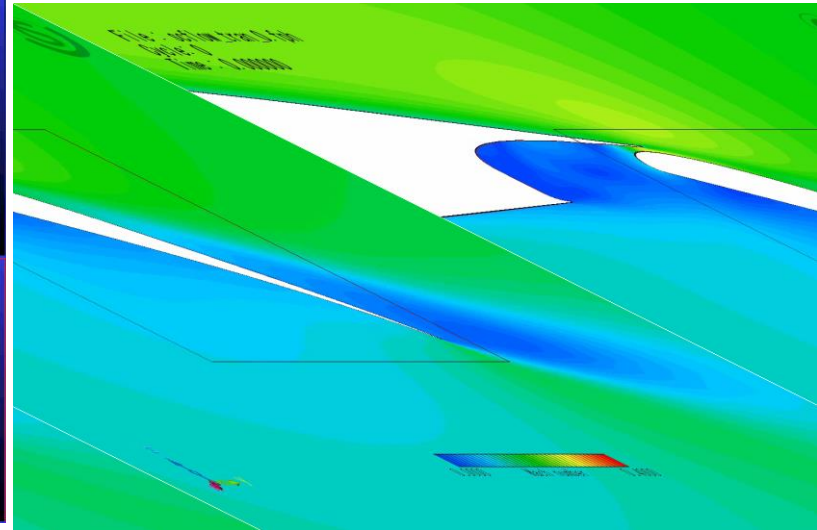


Fatigue Results Summary

	Wall thickness	Material	Life (missions) Node 979	Life (missions) Node 12453
Case1	8mm	826M31	<1	3148
Case2	8mm	300M	3207	27605
Case3	24mm	826M31	3.269e7	1.234e6
Case4	24mm	300M	>2e8	>2e8

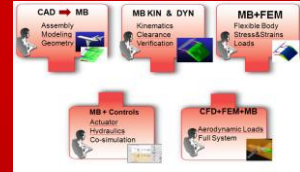
Target Life  
12,000 miss





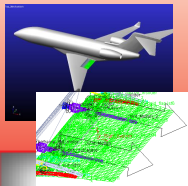


# Multidiscipline analysis



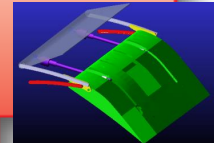
## CAD → MB

Assembly  
Modeling  
Geometry



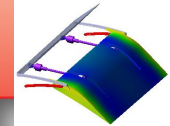
## MB KIN & DYN

Adv. Kinematics  
Clearance  
Verification



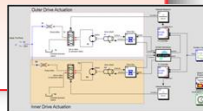
## MB+FEM

Flexible Body  
Stress&Strains  
Loads



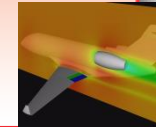
## MB + Controls

Actuator  
Hydraulics  
Co-simulation

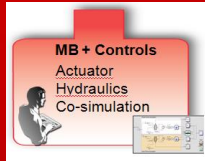


## CFD+FEM+MB

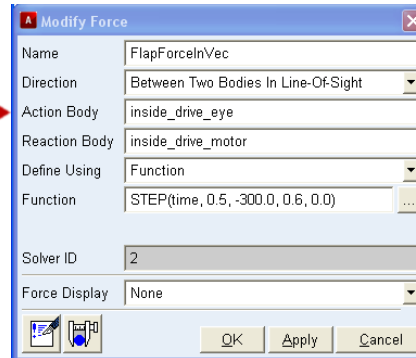
Aerodynamic Loads  
Full System



# Multibody: Actuator – 12.1



**Replacement  
SFORCE to  
MOTION**

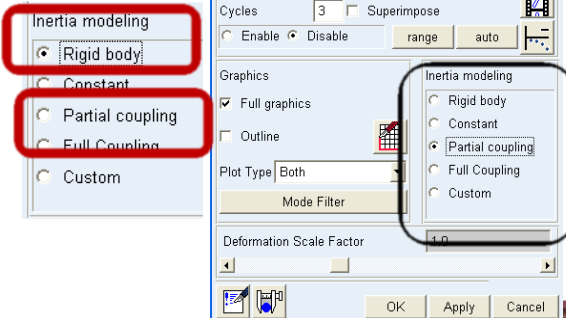


**-f(displacement)  
-f(velocity)  
- f(time)  
-BISTOP  
Stopper** to model

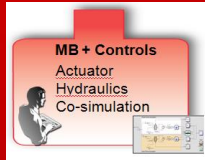
**DEACT MOTION**

**Verification**

**Comparison  
Rig/Flex Analysis  
END = 8 s  
STEPS = 800**

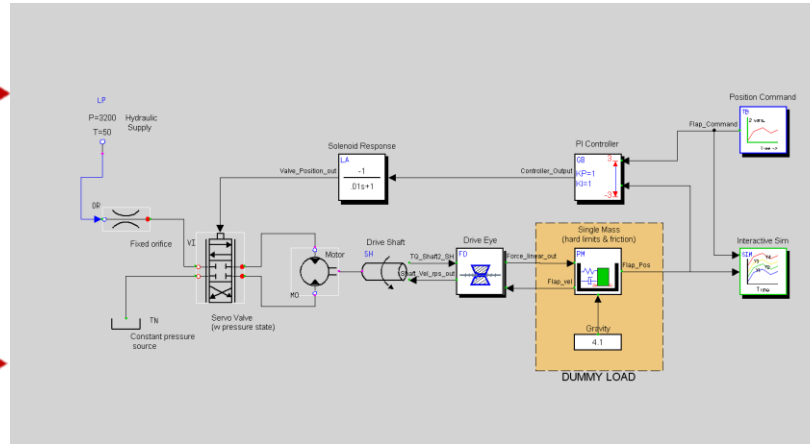


# Multibody: Mechatronic – 12.2

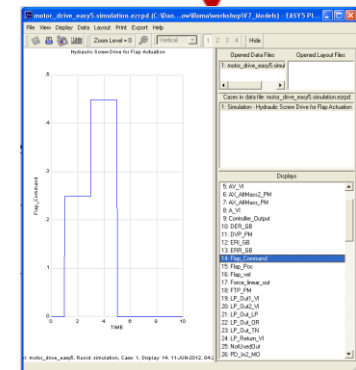


Definition of control system in EASY5

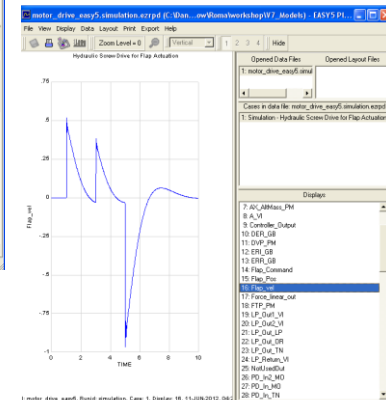
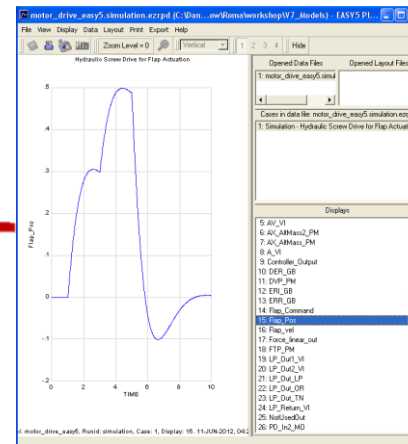
Dummy Multibody model



simulation



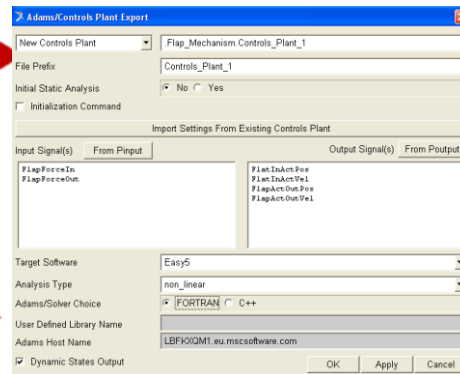
Verification:  
Model = flap  
semplece  
No flexibility  
No aerod.  
No visualization



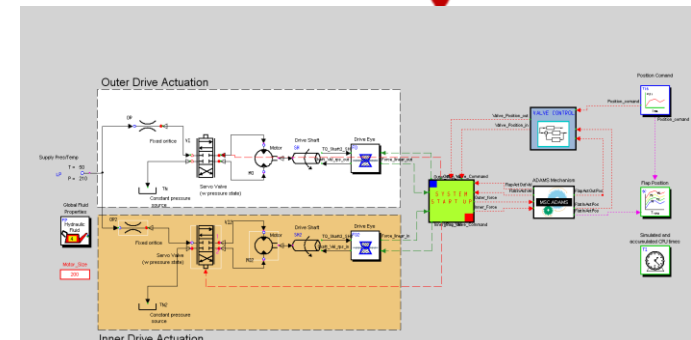
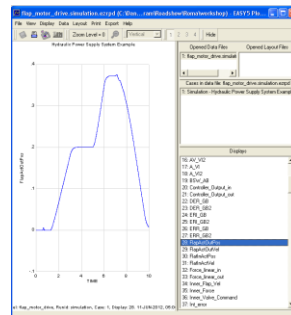
# Multibody: Mechatronic – 12.3

**Definition  
Control Plant:  
Input/output  
signals**

**Actuator with  
Input = State  
Variable  
Variable with  
FU=0 because  
Values are  
assigned from  
Control System  
Output=pos,vel  
in/out**

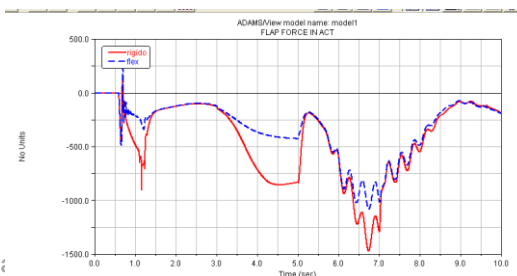


**Modelling  
Control  
System with  
Adams Block**

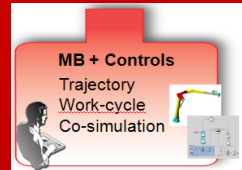


**Verification/  
Comparison**

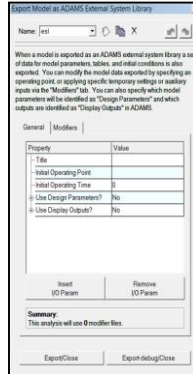
**Cosimulation  
RIG / FLEX**



# Multibody: Mechatronic – 12.4



**DLL export from  
EASY5  
Plant Import and  
GSE creation in  
Adams/View**



**DLL**



**Analysis with  
Adams/solver  
and GSE**



**Verification**

# Thank You!

